AQ5200 User Guide

User Guide Version 03.21 Documented Using Firmware Version 2.3.1

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C H A P T E R

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

1.1 Description

The AQ5200 is a distance-read leak detection controller. It can operate as a stand-alone device or connect to multiple Aqualeak leak detection controllers through its Ethernet or EIA-485 ports. When coupled with up to 10,000 feet (3084m) of Aqualeak's sensing cable, it reports the presence of water and other conductive liquids. When a conductive liquid comes in contact with the sensing cable, the following occurs:

- An audible alarm sounds.
- The distance to the leak is shown on the AQ5200's LCD touch screen and on the AQ5200's web interface. An integrated reference map within the web interface will also show the location of the leak.
- Notification is sent via email or Modbus/SNMP/BACnet/SMTP to a central control location, such as a building management system (BMS).

1.2 Operation

1.2.1 Supervised System

The AQ5200 is a *supervised system* - it continually monitors sensing cable, spot detectors, and connected leak detection controllers for continuity and produces alarms for the following conditions:

- Leak detection
- Cable break
- Cable contamination
- Loss of communications

1.2.2 Distance-Read Leak Detection

When the AQ5200's circuitry measures a current in excess of the user-defined leak threshold, the unit's microprocessor computes the distance to the leak. The AQ5200 then annunciates theleak and logs the alarm in its event log. The leak is communicated via email/Modbus/SNMP/BACnet/SMTP/4-20mA to an equipped monitoring system. The relay output sends notification to an alarm panel or monitoring system.

1.2.3 User Configuration and Communication

All the functionality needed to operate the AQ5200 as a stand-alone device is accessible from the LCD touch screen. Virtual buttons line the right side of the screen. Press the button for thetask you want to perform, and the screen for that task is displayed. Avoid using a pen or othersharp object to activate the buttons on the LCD. This will damage the display.

The web-based user interface provides more extensive configuration options and allows users to create an interactive map - a graphical representation of the monitored environment and leak detection equipment. This web interface can be used on site or remotely via network communications.

Digital fault and leak relay outputs and a 4-20mA relay output and allow the AQ5200 to interface with third-party management systems. The AQ5200 also provides Modbus outputs via EIA-485, twisted-pair wire, or TCP/IP, as well as BACnet/IP or BACnet/MSTP, SNMP, and SMTP outputs.

C H A **P T E R**



INSTALLATION

2.1 **Prepare for Installation**

Before you install or troubleshoot equipment, always check the AQUALEAK website first to ensureyou're working with the most recent version of our documentation.

To install the AQ5200, you'll need the following supplies:

Included with the AQ5200

- Wall mount kit
- Cross-over cable (blue with yellow ends)
- ◆ 15 foot (4.57m) leader cable
- End-of-line terminator (EOL)

Available from AQUALEAK, sold separately

- Sensing Cable, up to 10,000 feet (3048m) of cable with a resistance of 2.8000hms per foot, or up to 7,000 feet (2134m) of cable with a resistance of 4.000 ohms perfoot.
- Non-sensing cable
- J-Clips

Information Required

Consult with your IT administrator to determine the following network settings for the AQ5200:

- IP address
- Subnet mask
- Default gateway

2.2 Mount the AQ5200

The AQ5200 is a wall mounted device. Using the wall mount kit (included), mount the device in a convenient location.



Figure 2.1 AQ5200 Wall Mounting Kit

Once the unit is mounted on the wall, run conduit to the device to support your cabling needs.

2.3 Establish Physical Connections

The connectors for the AQ5200 are accessible from the inside of the enclosure. Remove the knock-outs on the bottom and top of the enclosure as necessary to accommodate conduit and cabling.

The AQ5200 is built with two circuit boards:

- The **display board** is mounted on the inside of the AQ5200's door, and is connected to the main board with a multi-wire connector. The display is a color touch screen that enables configuration and management from the front panel.
- The **main board** is mounted inside the main compartment of the enclosure. A power supply and power switch are also mounted in this main compartment.

The connectors on the main board, shown in Figure 2.2, are labeled TB1 through TB7 and P1 through P3. Switches are labeled SW1 through SW3 and the Status LED is labeled DS1. The image of the board has been rotated to accommodate labels.





2.3.1 TB1: 4-20mA Output

The 4-20mA analog output allows the AQ5200 to communicate with a 4-20mA loop powered output. This connection is provided on TB1. The maximum range (20 mA) can be set to 1000, 2500, 5000, 7500, or 10,000 feet. Connect the 4-20mA wires to TB1 as follows:

TB1-1 4-20mA positive (+) TB1-2 4-20mA negative (-)

2.3.2 TB2: Sensing Cable Interface

A 15-foot (4.57m) section of non-sensing cable is supplied with each AQ5200. The leader cable connects sensing cable to the AQ5200, since sensing cable cannot connect directly to the unit. Insert its four stripped wires into the appropriate slots in TB2 - from left to right: white, black, green and red.



Figure 2.3 Cable Connection TB2

NOTE If the terminal connector is removed from the end of the cable, make sure the wires are in the same order, W - B - G - R, when the connector is reapplied.

For further information regarding sensing cable, refer to "Connect the SensingCable" on page 21.

2.3.3 TB3: Maintenance Relay

Maintenance reminders can be configured through the LCD or the web interface. This relay (TB3) is activated once the scheduled maintenance period has lapsed. If you wish, connect this relay output to a BMS or NMS to monitor regularly scheduled maintenance intervals.

2.3.4 TB4: Two Fault/Leak Relay Outputs

TB4 houses two Form C relay outputs. These relays provide alarm notification when a leak, cable fault, or cable contamination is detected.

The top row of TB4 (pins 1 - 6) provides a connection to one of the leak alarm relay outputs and one of the fault relay outputs; the bottom row of TB5 (pins 7 - 12) provides a second set of contacts for the same leak and fault alarms.

Connect the alarm relay wires to TB4 as follows:

TB4-1 Leak alarm normally open (NO) TB4-2 Leak alarm common (C) TB4-3 Leak alarm normally closed (NC) TB4-4 Fault alarm normally open (NO) TB4-5 Fault alarm common (C) TB4-6 Fault alarm normally closed (NC) TB4-7 Leak alarm normally open (NO) TB4-8 Leak alarm normally closed (NC) TB4-9 Leak alarm normally closed (NC) TB4-10 Fault alarm normally open (NO) TB4-11 Fault alarm common (C) TB4-12 Fault alarm normally closed (NC)

Both relays (all alarms) can be configured to be latched or unlatched. A latched alarm requires a manual reset of the system once a leak or cable problem is no longer present; see "Leak" on page 50 for configuration instructions.

2.3.5 P1: EIA-232 Connector

An EIA-232 connection allows the AQ5200 to be connected directly to a terminal or PC. The EIA-232 uses a baud rate of 9600. The EIA-232 port is set to 8 databits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (8, N, 1). A straight through cable should be used to connect a terminal or PC to the AQ5200 via the EIA-232 connector. This connection should only be used by advanced users for specialized operations, including advanced diagnostics, uploading firmware, and troubleshooting.

2.3.6 SW1: TB5 Port 3 Termination Switch

The switch position numbered 2 on SW1, when switched on (down position), places a termination resistor across the + and - terminals of the EIA-485 port. This is used when the TB5 connection on the AQ5200 is the last unit on a EIA-485 network. SW1, switch position 1, is currently inactive.

2.3.7 TB5 and TB6: EIA-485 Modbus Ports

TB5 and TB6 connect to an EIA-485 network. A grounded shield contact is provided for connection to shielded cable. If the shield contact is used, verify the power connector is properly grounded and there is no voltage potential between units on the network. The EIA-485 ports have a selectable baud rate (9600, 19200, or 38400) and are set to 8 databits, no parity, and 1 stop bit (8, N, 1). Connect the EIA-485 wires to TB5 and TB6 as follows:

TB5, EIA-485 port 3 TB5-1 A (+) TB5-2 B (-) TB5-3 Shield TB6 (top row) EIA-485 port 1 TB6-1 A (+) TB6-2 B (-) TB6-3 Shield TB6 (bottom row) EIA-485 port 2 TB6-4 A (+) TB6-5 B (-) TB6-6 Shield

2.3.8 SW2: TB6 Port 2 (Bottom Row) Termination Switch

The switch position numbered 2 on SW2, when switched on (down position), places a termination resistor across the + and - terminals of the EIA-485 port. This is used when the TB6 (bottom row) connection on the AQ5200 is the last unit on a EIA-485 network. SW2, switch position 1, is currently inactive.

2.3.9 SW3: TB6 Port 1 (Top Row) Termination Switch

The switch position numbered 2 on SW3, when switched on (down position), places a termination resistor across the + and - terminals of the EIA-485 port. This is used when the TB6 (top row) connection on the AQ5200 is the last unit on a EIA-485 network. SW3, switch position 1, is currently inactive.

2.3.10 P2: RJ45 Network

This 10/100 BaseT Ethernet connection allows the AQ5200 to be connected directly to a local area network. Use a crossover cable (shipped with the AQ5200; blue cable with yellow ends) for initial connection and configuration. The default settings are as follows:

IP Address: 10.0.0.188 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 Default Gateway: 10.0.0.1

2.3.11 P3: Optional Power Connection

If a mechanical failure causes the provided AC power supply and connections to fail, a wall adapter can be plugged into P3 and used to power the AQ5200. This option is provided for temporary, emergency situations only, and is not intended as a permanent power solution.

2.3.12 TB7: Input Power (from Input AC Power Supply)

TB7 is a factory-wired two position connector with the following connections (for reference only):

TB7-1 24VDC positive (+) TB7-2 24VDC negative (-)

2.3.13 DS1: Status LED

A status LED is located at the top of the main board, and is labeled DS1. Indicators are as follows:

Green - AQ5200 is functioning

properlyRed - AQ5200 is in an alarm

state

Yellow (flashing) - The AQ5200's bootloader is operational $${\tt AQ5200}$ User Guide$

2.4 Connect the Sensing Cable

IMPORTANT To avoid faulty leak detection readings, connect a minimum length of 35 feet (10.7m) of sensing cable to the AQ5200.

The AQ5200 is shipped with a 15-foot (4.57m) leader cable. This leader cable was connected to the AQ5200 in Section 2.3.2 on page 18. The following directions will help you connect sensing cable to the AQ5200.

2.4.1 Connect Lengths of Sensing Cable

- 1 Unscrew the end-of-line (EOL) terminator from the end of the leader cable.
- 2 Attach the first length of sensing cable to the leader cable. Insert the male connector into the female connector, and twist the collar on the female side of the connector to secure.



Figure 2.4 Sensing Cable

- **3** Route the sensing cable according to your cable layout diagram. Attach additional lengths of sensing cable as necessary.
- 4 Secure the EOL terminator to the unoccupied end of the last length of sensing cable.

Note If the EOL terminator is not present at the end of the cable run, a cable fault will register.

5 If you are using a reference map, compare it with the actual cable installation. Revise any discrepancies created through the physical installation of the cable.

2.4.2 Secure Sensing Cable to the Floor

Secure the sensing cable to the floor with either J-clips (AQUALEAK part #JC), or one of the other approved methods shown in Figure 2.5. Available from AQUALEAK and designed specifically for usewith sensing cable, J-clips are the manufacturer's recommended installation method.

- Do not use conductive materials, such as Fire Block or caulk, on the sensing cable.
- To avoid contaminating the cable, clean the entire floor as much as possible. Use isopropyl alcohol to clean the spots on the floor where J-clips will be placed.
- Place one J-clip every 5 to 6 feet (1.52 to 1.83m) along the length of the sensing cable and one at each turn of the cable. Use more J-clips if a tighter configuration is required.
- If the cable is installed over an obstruction, clip the cable on both sides, as close to the obstruction as possible.

- The J-clip's adhesive backing does not work well on porous concrete floors. AQUALEAK recommends using a drop of silicone or another nonconductive adhesive to help secure the J-clip to the floor.
- **IMPORTANT** Do not install the cable directly in front of an air conditioner. Allow a minimum of 4 to 6 feet (1.22 to 1.83m) between the unit and the cable. If the cable is too close to the air conditioning unit's air stream, the moisture from the humidifier may cause false leak readings. If the cable must be installed in front of an air conditioning unit, place the J-clips 3 feet (0.91m) apart.





2.5 Apply Power to the AQ5200



A dedicated circuit breaker must be provided within close proximity to the AQ5200 and be clearly marked as the disconnecting device for the AQ5200 leak detection controller.

Do not connect 120/230 VAC directly to the unit, or damage will occur to the circuitry.

Make sure the dedicated circuit breaker is in the off position before connecting the AC power wires to the AQ5200.

- 1 Engage a certified electrician to run a power supply and necessary conduit to the location of the AQ5200.
- 2 Remove any necessary knock-outs from the bottom of the enclosure, and route the power supply into the enclosure, to the power input terminal block. Insert the wires as noted on the enclosure's backplate: Neutral Line Ground. Ensure all connections are correct and all screw terminals are tightened and secure.
- **3** Apply power to the AQ5200. The device will boot (initialize).

4 When the AQ5200 powers up, diagnostics are performed. The program code is verified. Once the diagnostics are complete, the LCD displays the Main Menu. No alarm should be present. If an alarm is present, verify all connections and consult Appendix D, "Troubleshooting" on page 111.

2.6 **Configure Communications**

Use the LCD touch screen on the front of the AQ5200 to configure communications.

IMPORTANT Consult your IT department before performing these steps. If you intend to change the IP Address and/or Subnet Mask, obtain appropriate addresses from your IT department.

AQ5200 default IP address: 10.0.0.188 AQ5200 default subnet mask: 255.255.255.0AQ5200 default gateway: 10.0.0.1

2.6.1 Access the Configuration Menu

- 1 Push the Setup button on the AQ5200's LCD.
- 2 You'll be prompted to enter a password. By default, there is no password on the AQ5200. To continue past the login screen, leave the password field blank and press the Enter button (
 (
).

You can establish an LCD password through either the LCD interface ("Leak Settings" on page 37) or the web interface (Chapter 4, "Leak" on page 50).

- **3** You'll see the AQ5200 Setup Menu. Press the Down button until the System Settings option is highlighted in blue. Press the Select button to access the System Setup Menu.
- 4 Push the Down button until the IP address is highlighted. By default, the IP address is 10.0.0.188. Press the Select button to change the IP address.
- 5 Use the backspace button (→) to delete the current IP address. Enter the new IP address for the unit, as provided by your Network Administrator. Press the Enter button to apply thenew IP Address.
- 6 Scroll down to the Net Mask, and use the same method to edit the Subnet Mask information as necessary.

2.7 Test the System

Note If the AQ5200 is already connected to a BMS or NMS, notify monitoring personnel before you begin testing the system.

1 Using a sketch or mechanical drawing of the facility, add the cable routing, connection points, and any accessories used. Record the distance marker when the cable changes direction and in between connectors.

The more details you show, the greater the benefit later when you are locating leaks and troubleshooting the system

2 To verify the AQ5200's accuracy, test three points within the length of sensing cable - one at the beginning, one in the middle of the length, and another near the end of the length of cable.

There are a variety of ways to simulate a leak:



- Pour a small puddle of water on the cable while it rests on the floor.
- Dunk the cable in a cup of water.
- Soak a paper towel or rag and wrap it loosely around the cable. This is popular if the cable is used in pipe applications. Be careful to wrap the wet cloth loosely around the cable. Do not put pressure on the cable.

IMPORTANT - To avoid inaccurate readings, do not grip the cable with your hand.

Figure Hi Andrew,

Please find attached the manual modified. I have substituted RLE by Aqualeak, LD5200 by AQ5200, rletech.com by aqualeak.com.

I have also modified the pictures removing RLE/Seahawk logos and eliminating LD from LD5200 I have also modified footer

I have removed the firmware apendix because it's relating to their website and we don't have it in ours

I had a quick look to all the text and now it looks ok for me.

Please double check, but what i left for you is

- to substitute/delete the word Seahawk from the text.
- Check point 2.6, i don't know if there is something that need modification.
- I also leave for you the appearance of the pages of every chapter.

I hope you can modify it to be sent tomorrow. It might not be the last version, but at least good enough for this customer at this stage. Thank you !

Best regards,

Apply Moisture to the Cable for Testing Purposes

- **3** Verify that the AQ5200 reports the leaks within a few feet of their actual physical location.
- 4 Remove the simulated leak source and return the system to its normal operating state.

2.8 Calibrate Cable Resistance

Distance-read leak detection systems are resistance-based. AQUALEAK's sensing cables have a base resistance of 2.8 ohms/foot. The resistance of each length of sensing cable may be slightly more or less than the base resistance due to manufacturing variances. For this reason, the cablelength displayed on the home page of the web interface and on the status screen of the LCD may be slightly more or less than the actual length of cable installed.

A system configured using base resistance values will still be very accurate. If you wish to fine tune the resistance value of your AQ5200 system to make it more precise, you may do so. This will increase the accuracy of the system, and bring the AQ5200's reported installed cable length value in line with the actual length of cable installed.

- 1 Ensure the AQ5200 has been powered and has all the sensing cable attached to it, with no alarms present.
- **2** Gather and record the following data from either the home page of the web interface or the status page of the LCD:

Cable Length (as reported by the AQ5200)	
Cable Current	
Leg 1 Resistance	
Leg 2 Resistance	

Record the resistance per foot setting, as reported by the AQ5200. This can be found on the Leak Configuration page of the web interface (Configuration > Leak Settings) or on the Leak Settings screen of the LCD (Setup > Leak Settings).

Reported Resistance per Foot

- **3** Note the actual (physical + simulated) length of cable physically connected to the system. For your reference:
 - WCCS simulates 50 ft.
 - SDZ simulates 50 ft.

- XCON simulates 150 ft.
- Nonsensing cable does not add any length to a system

Record this sum:

Actual length of cable connected to AQ5200

- 4 Verify the current reading on the cable from your recorded values above. This value must be less than 15 μ A in order to calibrate the system. If the current is higher than 15 μ A, clean the cable. Isopropyl alcohol works well to remove any contamination that might have gotten onto the cable during installation.
- **5** To calculate the most accurate resistance value for the system, divide the reported cable length by the actual cable length, and multiply the quotient by the reported resistance.

For example:

Cable Length (as reported by the AQ5200)	391 feet
Cable Current	0 μΑ
Leg 1 Resistance	1088 Ohms
Leg 2 Resistance	1095 Ohms
Reported Resistance	2.800 Ohms/foot

One 15 foot leader cable (leader cable does not count toward the total length of cable installed), one weighted cable connector (simulates 50 feet of cable), and one 330 foot section of cable are connected to the system.

Actual length of cable connected to AQ5200	380 feet
0 feet + 50 feet + 330 feet	

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} 391 \text{ feet} \\ 380 \text{ feet} \end{array}\right) \times 2.800 \text{ Ohms} = 2.881 \text{ Ohms/foot}$$

The actual resistance of the cable installed with this AQ5200 is 2.881 ohms per foot.

6 Replace the resistance per foot setting in the AQ5200 with this newly calculated value. This can be edited on the Leak Configuration page of the web interface (Configuration > Leak Settings) or on the Leak Settings screen of the LCD (Setup > Leak Settings).

When using the web interface, remember to click the Submit Changes button to save the adjusted resistance value.

In our example, adjusting the resistance value changed the reported cable length from 391 feet to 380 feet. This improves the accuracy of the system because the reported cable length more closely matches the physical length of cable connected to the system.

2.9 Configure Security Settings

The AQ5200 allows users to create a user name for web interface access and set two different passwords for that user.

The Read Only password allows users to access the AQ5200's web interface and view the conditions of the system, but does not allow users to make changes to the AQ5200's configuration.

The Read/Write password provides users with expanded access. This password allows users to view the conditions of the system and make changes to the AQ5200's configuration.

By default, the AQ5200's username is: AQ5200 (case sensitive)

By default, no password is assigned.

To access the web interface, type AQ5200 in the User Name field, leave the password fieldblank, and press return.

Web interface passwords can only be configured through the web interface. Refer to Chapter 4, "Web" on page 60 for further information.

2.10 General Operation

The AQ5200 features both an LCD and a web interface. The LCD is accessible on the front of the device's enclosure, and allows users to quickly access, acknowledge, and configure system settings, alarms, alarm history and device operations. The web interface provides more indepth access to the AQ5200, and allows users to accomplish all the same tasks as the LCD, while addressing some robust, expanded functionality that cannot be utilized through the LCD.

Both interfaces access the same information and data. If you make changes to the AQ5200 through the LCD, the changes will show up on the web interface, and vice versa.

Refer to Chapter 3, "LCD Touch Screen Interface" on page 29 for detailed information regarding the LCD. Refer to Chapter 4, "Web Interface" on page 47 for detailed information regarding the web interface.



LCD TOUCH SCREEN INTERFACE

The AQ5200's LCD touch screen accommodates basic device configuration and operation. All the functionality you need to operate the AQ5200 as a stand-alone device is accessible from the LCD touch screen.

Virtual buttons line the right side of the screen, and they operate much like mechanical buttons. Press the button for the task you want to perform, and the screen for that task is displayed. Avoid using a pen or sharp object to push the buttons - this will damage the LCD.

While button options vary throughout the menus, the most common button structure features four buttons: Up, Down, Select, and Return. They work as follows:

Button	Function
Up	Scroll up through the options. The blue highlight indicates which option you are accessing.
Down	Scroll down through the options. The blue highlight indicates which option you are accessing.
Select	Access the blue highlighted option to edit or confirm settings and data. Press Enter (
Return	Return to the previous menu.

 Table 3.1
 LCD - Main Buttons

3.1 Main Menu

When the AQ5200 powers up, diagnostics are performed. The boot ROM and flash program code are verified. Once the diagnostics are complete, the LCD displays the MainMenu.

Any time a screen within the LCD interface is left idle for more than fiveminutes, it will return to this default display.

The Main Menu features basic systeminformation including the device name, current date, time, firmware version running on the system, and current alarm notification.

Four buttons run down the right side of the LCD and function as follows:

Button	Function	Additional Options Accessible Through Sub-Menus
Silence	Silence the audible alarm	No additional options
Alarms	List current alarms	Display alarm history, acknowledge alarms.
Status	View status information for master and all slave units	View network statistics, EIA-485 data, and the leakage trend log for master and all slave units
Setup	Access and configure a wide variety of system options	Leak settings, virtual zones, slave zones, 4-20mA output, preventative maintenance, system settings, EIA- 485 / Modbus / N2 configuration, BACnet configuration, and clear alarm and trend log history

 Table 3.2
 LCD Main Menu Buttons

3.2 Silence Button

The **Silence** button silences the audible alarm. Press the button once to silence the alarm.

3.3 Alarms Button

The **Alarms** option allows users to display current alarms and alarm history.

Current Alarms Page 1/1	
V-Zone #2 Zone 2 Leak Detected at 51 Ft	
	History
	Return

LCD - Current Alarms

Alarms are color coded as follows:

Color	Description
Red	Active alarm - leak detected
Yellow	Active alarm - cable break or contamination detected
Orange	Active alarm - communications problem - one of the monitored slave devices is offline

 Table 3.3
 LCD Current Alarm Color Codes

Four buttons run down the right side of the LCD and function as follows:

Button	Function	Additional Options Accessible Through Sub-Menus
Next	Advance to the next page of current alarms	No additional options
Previous	Go back to the previous page of current alarms	No additional options
History	View alarm history and acknowledge all unacknowledged alarms	Access the Alarm History screens.
Return	Return to the Current Alarms page.	Return to the Main Menu

 Table 3.4
 LCD Current Alarm Buttons

3.3.1 History

Alarm History - Page 1 of 45 Pending Acks: 16	
02/10/12 09:50:50 Leak Detected at 51 Ft	Next
02/10/12 09:50:10 No Leak Main Controller/Zone	
02/10/12 09:41:55 Leak Detected at 51 Ft V2one2: 2one 2	
02/10/12 09:40:27 No Contamination	
02/10/12 09:38:28 Contamination at 53 Ft, Leakage=92uA	
02/09/12 15:26:34 CPU Reset / power up	Ack
02/08/12 11:20:46 CPU Reset / power up	
02/08/12 08:40:40 Cable Ok	Return

Push this button to display the alarm history. The AQ5200 logs the last 1024 alarm events.

LCD - Alarm History

Alarm history data is color coded as follows:

Color		Description
Red		Unacknowledged alarm
Blue		Acknowledged alarm
Black		Alarm condition has returned to normal, or additional information is provided regarding the AQ5200's functionality
Table 3.5	LCD Alarn	h History Color Codes

Use the Next, Previous, and Return buttons to navigate through the alarm history. Four buttons run down the right side of the LCD and function as follows:

Button	Function	Additional Options Accessible Through Sub-Menus
Next	Advance to the next page of alarm history	No additional options
Previous	Go back to the previous page of alarm history	No additional options
Ack	Acknowledge all unacknowledged alarms on the current alarm history page	No additional options
Return	Return to the Current Alarms page.	No additional options

 Table 3.6
 LCD Alarm History Buttons

3.4 Status Button

The Status button allows you to view current controller status information. Most of these values can be adjusted through the Setup button on the main page of the LCD. The Status page is intended for reference only, not system adjustment.

LD5200 Controller Sta	atus	
Alarm Status	Leak Detected at 51 Ft	
	Zone 2	
Cable Length	379 Ft]
Cable Current	298 uA	
Leg 1 Resistance	1087 Ohms	
Leg 2 Resistance	1093 Ohms	
Leak Alarm Delay	20 Seconds	System
Contamination Alarm Delay	0 Seconds	
Re-Alarm Countdown	disabled	
Last Alarm Time	02/10/12 09:50:50	Return
sysUpTime	0 days 19 hrs 17 mins 48 secs	

LCD - Controller Status

Attribute	Description
Alarm Status	If the controller is in an alarm state, details regarding the alarm are noted in this field. The field is also color coded to indicate the type of alarm.
Cable Length	The length of sensing cable connected to the controller, as calculated by the AQ5200
Cable Current	The amount of current running on the sensing cable
Leg 1 Resistance	The resistance of Leg 1 is displayed in Ohms.
Leg 2 Resistance	The resistance of Leg 2 is displayed in Ohms.
Leak Alarm Delay	The amount of time that passes between the time a leak is detected and the annunciation of the leak alarm.
Contamination Alarm Delay	The amount of time that passes between the time a contamination is detected and the annunciation of that alarm.
Re-alarm Countdown	The amount of time remaining until the active alarm is re- annunciated.
Last Alarm Time	A record of the last time the system detected an alarm condition.
sysUpTime	The amount of time that has passed since the system was last reset or powered on.

 Table 3.7
 LCD Controller Status Information Fields

This menu features four buttons: Next, Previous, System, and Return:

Button	Function	Additional Options Accessible Through Sub-Menus
Next	If multiple controllers are networked through a master device, push this button to view the next monitored controller.	
Previous	View the previous controller in the list of monitored devices	No additional options
System	View additional system information	Network, EIA-485, Trend, Return
Return	Return to the Current Alarms page.	No additional options
	A HAR OLATER DOLLARS	

 Table 3.8
 LCD Controller Status Buttons

3.4.1 System Button

View the system status information for the selected controller. Here youwill find a variety of information forthe device, including the device's model number, firmware version, MAC and IP addresses, subnet mask, default gateway, and the amount of time the device has been running since it last lost power. A majority of this information is editable through the Setup button on the LCD's main page. This page is intended for reference.

This option features four buttons: Network, EIA-485, Trend, and Return.

Option	Description	Additional Options Accessible hrough Sub-Menus
Network	View network statistics for the selected controller.	Reset: Reset the numerical values for all monitored fields in the list to 0.
		Return: Return to the System page for the selected controller.
EIA-485	View statistics for the three EIA-485 ports.	Reset: Reset the numerical values for all monitored fields in the list to 0.
		Return: Return to the System page for the selected controller.
Trend	View the leakage trend log. The log catalogs the last 365 entries.	Next: View the next page of logged data.
		Previous: View the previous page of logged data.
		Return: Return to the System page for the selected controller.
Return	Return to the Status page.	
Table 3.9 LCD System Status Button Options		

3.5 Setup Button

The Setup button provides access to a wide variety of settings, including: leak settings, virtual and slave zone settings, 4-20mA output settings, preventative maintenance options, system setting, EIA-485/modbus/N2 settings, and BACnet options. The clear history buttons are also located within the Setup options.

Use the buttons on the right side of the LCD to navigate through the menus. The blue highlight indicates which option is selected. Use the buttons on the right side of the LCD to navigate through the menus. Press the Select button to choose the blue highlighted option.





5200 Setup Menu	
Leak Settings	Up
Virtual Zone	
Slave Zone	
4-20 mA Output	Down
Preventative Maintenance	
System Settings	
EIA-485 / Modbus / N2	
Bacnet	Select
Clear History	
	Return

LCD - Setup Menu

3.5.1 Leak Settings

Leak Settings allows you to fine tune the leak detection options available on the AQ5200. Use the Up, Down, Select and Return buttons to navigate through the leak settings menu.

Contamination Trip Point: Leak Alarm Delay: Contamination Alarm Delay: Resistance Per Foot: Re-Alarm Delay: Measurement Display: Latching Alarms: Audible Alarm: LCD Password:

5200 Leak Settings Menu



Up

Down

Select

Return

LCD - Leak Settings

Option	Description
Leak Trip Point	The threshold for the amount of water required to trigger a leak alarm. Adjust this number to adjust the sensitivity of the leak alarm.
	A lower number yields a more sensitive system, so the system will trigger a leak alarm with less water present.
	A higher number produces a less sensitive system, so more water is required to trigger an alarm.
	Enter a value between 25 and 175 microamps.
	Default setting: 150uA.
Contamination Trip Point	The threshold for the amount of contamination required to trigger a cable contamination alarm. Adjust this number to adjust the sensitivity of the contamination alarm.
	A lower number yields a more sensitive system, so the system will trigger a contamination alarm with less contamination present.
	A higher number produces a less sensitive system, so more contamination is required to trigger an alarm.
	Enter a value between 20 and 175 microamps.
	Default setting: 50uA.
Leak Alarm Delay	The amount of time that passes between the time a leak is detected and the annunciation of the leak alarm. The leak trip point must be exceeded for the duration of this delay.
	Enter a value between 5 and 990 seconds.
	Default setting: 20 seconds
Table 2.40 LOD Look	Catting Canfigurable Options

Table 3.10 LCD Leak Settings - Configurable Options

Option	Description
Contamination Alarm Delay	The amount of time that passes between the time a contamination is detected and the annunciation of the contamination alarm. The contamination trip point must be exceeded for the duration of this delay.
	Enter a value between 5 and 990 seconds.
	Default setting: 40 seconds
Resistance Per Foot	The resistance per foot of cable determines the AQ5200's ability to accurately detect the cable length installed and calculate distances to leaks. Adjust this value to fine-tune the accuracy of a distance-read leak detection system.
	AQUALEAK's sensing cables have a base resistance of 2.800 ohmsper foot.
	Refer to "Calibrate Cable Resistance" on page 25 for detailed resistance calibration.
	The resistance value must be entered as a 4-digit number between 2.000 and 4.250, with one number in the tens place and three numbers past the decimal point (x.xxx).
	Default setting: 2.800 ohms per foot.
Re-Alarm Delay	The AQ5200 can be set to re-alarm - after a leak or contamination has been detected, the alarm will be re-sent at a defined interval until the alarm condition has been resolved. The re-alarm triggers both the audible alarm and the direct notification alarm.
	The interval is adjustable in whole hour increments. Decimal values are not allowed. Enter a number from 0 to 24. A 0 in this field turns off the re-alarm option, so only one alarm notification will be sent for each alarm.
	Default setting: 0 (disabled)
Measurement Display	Select either feet or meters to calibrate the AQ5200 to the preferred unit of measure. All distance calculations will adjust accordingly.
	Default setting: Feet

Table 3.10 LCD Leak Settings - Configurable Options

Option	Description
Latching Alarms	A non-latching alarm resets itself once a detected leak or contamination has been resolved.
	A latching alarm must be manually acknowledged before its annunciation clears, even if the detected leak or cable problem is no longer present.
	Select Yes (latching) or No (non-latching).
	Default setting: No (non-latching alarms)
Audible Alarm	Select Yes to activate the audible alarm annunciation. Select No to deactivate the audible alarm annunciation.
	Default setting: No (audible alarm disabled)
LCD Password	Establish a 4-digit numerical password to restrict access to the Setup series of menus. Set the value to 0000 to disable password protection.
	Default setting: 0000 (no password)
Table 3.10 LCD Leak Settings - Configurable Options	

3.5.2 Virtual Zone

A virtual zone is a labeled reference point in a leak detection system. A virtual zone can consist of a room, a drip pan containing a spot detector under an air handler unit, a combination of rooms and components, or any other defined area whose identification would help in the location of leaks.

The AQ5200 allows you to establish up to 32 virtual leak detection zones. Dividing a leak detection system into zones helps locate leaks quickly. It simplifies troubleshooting by allowing you to isolate different sections of cable as separately defined areas. Use the Virtual Zone Settings page to configure the AQ5200's virtual zones

Use the Up, Down, Select and Return buttons to navigate through the virtual zone menus.

	5200 Virtual Zone Setti	ngs Menu - Page 1/2	
#	Label Zone 1 Zone 2	End Distance 50 100	Up
3	Zone 3 Zone 4	150 200	
5 6 7	Zone 5 Zone 6	250 300	Down
89	Zone 8 Zone 9	400 450	Coloct
10	Zone 10	500 0	Select
12 13		0	Return
15		0	

LCD - Virtual Zone Settings Menu

Push the Select button to choose the blue highlighted zone you wish to configure or edit. Use the LCD keyboard to give the zone a descriptive identifier. Push the Return button and log the end distance for that particular virtual zone. To delete a virtual zone, select the zone and delete the text from all fields.

Option	Description
#	A fixed number, 1 - 32, used to designate the Zone.
Label	A descriptive label for the zone, 30 characters or less.
End Distance	Record the sensing cable's distance measurement at the END of the zone.
	Zone 1 starts at 0 feet / meters, and you designate the end point for Zone 1. Zone 2 starts at zone 1's ending distance; you designate where Zone 2 ends. Each subsequent zone begins where the previous zone ends.

Table 3.11 LCD Virtual Zone Settings - Configurable Options

3.5.3 Slave Zone

Slave zones are secondary physical controllers that report to the AQ5200.Zone controllers and distance-read controllers can be networked as slaves to a master AQ5200. Up to 128slave devices can report to one AQ5200.



LCD - Slave Zone Settings Menu

5200 Slave Zone Setup Menu			5200 Slave Zone Setup Menu		
Slave Zone #	6 LD2100-Bacnet	Up	Slave Zone #	3 LD2000-Modbus	Up
Controller Type: Comm Type: Device ID: IP Address:	Distance Read Bacnet/IP 248 10.0.0.248	Down	Controller Type: Comm Type: Slave ID: IP Address:	Distance Read Modbus/TCP 1 10.0.0.239	Down
V-Zone1: V-Zone2: V-Zone3: V-Zone4:	Ricks Office 20NE #2 - Hallway 20NE #3 - South Wall (AHU-3) 20NE #4 - South Wall (AHU-4)	Select	V-Zone1: (609m) V-Zone2: (1222m) V-Zone3: (1828m) V-Zone4: (2438m)	Computer Room #1 CRAC #2 UPS Room Battery Room	Select
V-Zone5: V-Zone6:	20NE #5 - South Wall (AHU-S) 20NE #6 - West Wall (PD-4) More MSV:1 number-of-states: 7	Return	V-2one5: (3048m) V-2one6: (0m)	Utility Room	Return

LCD - Slave Zone Setup Menu - Bacnet

LCD - Slave Zone Setup Menu- Modbus

Option	Description
Slave Zone #	Non-editable; defined by the blue highlighted device you chose to configure.
Label	Enter a name for the slave controller, 30 characters or less.
Controller Type	Designate the slave device as zone or distance read
Comm Type	Select a communications type for the slave device:
	Comms Disabled
	EIA-485 port 1
	EIA-485 Port 2
	EIA-485 Port 3
	Modbus/TCP
	Modbus/UDP
	Bacnet/IP
Slave ID	Designate the Slave ID or Device ID
IP Address	Enter the IP Address of the slave device.
V-Zone	Label the virtual zones. A device communicating via Modbus will have editable zone names and end distances. A device communicating via Bacnet will be read-only - the AQ5200 will obtain the information from the other controller.

Table 3.12 LCD Slave Zones Setup - Configurable Options

3.5.4 4-20mA Output

The 4-20mA output only reports up to 5,000 feet of sensing cable.



LCD - 4-20mA Output Settings Menu

Option	Description
Leak Alarm Output Span	Selectable: 5-19 mA (default) 4-20 mA
Leak Alarm Output Range	Selectable: 1000 (default) 2500 5000

Table 3.13 LCD 4-20mA Settings - Configurable Options

3.5.5 Preventative Maintenance

Preventative maintenance keeps a leak detection system running efficiently and reliably. Use this option to program a preventative maintenance alarm reminder into the system.

5200 Preventative Maint			
PM Alarm every: LCD Acknowledge Code:	0 Days (0=Disabled) 0000	Up	
Text: Technical Support		Down	
PM is disabled Maintenance Relay: Cable Relay:	Preventive Off	Select	
		Return	

LCD - Preventative Maintenance Menu

Option	Description
PM Alarm every:	Select a span of days to elapse between maintenance alarms, from 30-720 days. Set the value to 0 to disable this option.
	Default setting: 0 (disabled)
LCD Acknowledge Code	Establish a 4-digit numerical code to acknowledge the preventative maintenance alarm. Set the value to 0000 if you don't wish to have a password.
	Default setting: 0000 (no password)
Text	Designate text to display when the maintenance reminder is triggered.
	Enter up to four lines of text (30 characters per line)
Maintenance Relay	The relay output can be configured either as a preventative maintenance reminder or a power fail notification to alert you when power to the unit is lost.
	Default setting: Preventative Maintenance
Cable Relay	Used to troubleshoot the controller, this feature simulates 8060 ohms of leak detection cable (approximately 2878 feet of 2.8 ohms/foot cable) for up to 5 minutes.
	Turn this feature on and the look at the Status screen of the LCD. If the controller is functioning properly, the cable length will register approximately 2878 feet, and the leg 1 and leg 2 resistance will be approximately 8060 ohms.

 Table 3.14
 LCD
 Preventative
 Maintenance
 Configurable
 Options

3.5.6 System Settings

A variety of settings are available to make your AQ5200 easy to identify.Use this option to edit the system information.

5200 System Set	up Menu	
System Name:	Operations Floor LD5200	Up
Date:	02/10/12	
Time:	11:08:33	-
IP Address:	10.0.75	Down
Def. Route:	10.0.0.1	bowin
Net Mask:	255.255.255.0	
MAC Address:	00:90:58:04:07:DF	Select
		Return

LCD - System Setup Menu

Option	Description
System Name	Designate a unique name for the AQ5200, up to 30 characters.
Date	Adjust the current date, in mm/dd/yy format, if necessary.
Time	Adjust the current time, in hh:mm:ss format, if necessary.
IP Address	Set the IP address for the AQ5200, so it can communicate on your network. If you do not have an IP address for the device, obtain one from your IT department.
	Default IP address: 10.0.0.188
Def. Route	Designate the device's default route (default gateway). If you do not have a default route, obtain one from your IT department.
	Default device route: 10.0.0.1
Net Mask	Designate the device's Subnet Mask. Contact your IT department for further information.
	Default subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
MAC Address	The MAC address is a unique identifier set by the manufacturer, and is non-editable.

Table 3.15 LCD System Settings - Configurable Options

3.5.7 EIA-485 / Modbus / N2

If the AQ5200 will be communicating via the EIA-485 port, configure the necessary options here.

5200 EIA485/Modbus/N2 Setup Menu		
TCP/UDP UID:	0	Up
Alarm Relay:	Disabled	
EIA-485 Port1:	Modbus Slave	and the second second
Port1 Baud Rate:	38400	Down
Port1 Slave Address:	1	boim
EIA-485 Port2:	Bacnet Ms/Tp-Slave	
Port2 Baud Rate:	38400	
Port2 Slave Address:	2	Select
EIA-485 Port3:	Modbus Slave	
Port3 Baud Rate:	9600	
Port3 Slave Address:	1	Return

LCD - EIA485/Modbus/N2 Setup Menu

Menu selections are as follows:

Option	Description	
TCP/UDP UID	Set the TCP/UDP unique identifier. this will be a value between 1 and 254. A value of 0 disables this option.	
Alarm Relay	Enable or disable the alarm relay.	
EIA-485 Port 1	Select Modbus-Slave or Modbus-Master	
Port 1 Baud Rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, or 38400	
Port 1 Slave Address	Set the slave address, 1-254. 0 = disabled.	
EIA-485 Port 2	Select Modbus-Slave, Bacnet Ms/Tp Slave, Modbus- Master, or N2 (fixed, 9600, n,1)	
Port 2 Baud Rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, or 38400	
Port 2 Slave Address	Set the slave address, 1-254. 0 = disabled.	
EIA-485 Port 3	Select Modbus-Slave or Modbus-Master	
Port 3 Baud Rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, or 38400	
Port 3 Slave Address	Set the slave address, 1-254. 0 = disabled.	
Table 3.16 LCD EIA-485 / Modbus / N2 Setup - Configurable Options		
3.5.8 Bacnet

The AQ5200 can communicate viaBACnet. BACnet allows building automation and control devices to communicate, regardless of the building services they perform.

5200 Bacnet Setup I	Menu	
Device Name: Device ID:	Alpha-LD5200 7075	Up
Description: UDP Port: Ms/Tp Max Master:	Operations Room O 1	Down
		Select
		Return

LCD - Bacnet Setup Menu

Use this screen to configure BACnet options.

Option	Description
Device Name	Designate a unique name for the AQ5200, up to 30 characters.
Device ID	Set the device ID, up to 30 characters. 0 = disabled.
Description	Enter a description for the device, up to 30 characters.
UDP Port	Enter a 0 to specify port 47808 (0xBAC0) as the UDP port. If another port value is specified by your application, enter that value here.
Ms/Tp Max Master	Represents the number of devices on the EIA-485 string. Commonly, the Max Master is set to the same setting as the BACnet master.

 Table 3.17
 LCD Bacnet Setup - Configurable Options

3.5.9 Clear History

Select this option to clear the Alarm History and Trend Logs.

C HAPTER

WEB INTERFACE

The AQ5200's LCD accommodates most device control and configuration. For more in-depth functionality, use the web interface.

To access your AQ5200's web interface, type the device's IP address into your web browser's location bar.

4.1 Home Page

The AQ5200's home page features basic system information, including current alarm status, the reported length of sensing cable connected to the system, the last time the system went into alarm, and the running system uptime. The image to the right of the table can be customized, and can be linked to interactive floor maps.

te Identity Configuration Histo	rical Data Refresh	
erations Floor 5200		THU 01/19/12 15:3
Alarm Status	No Alarm	Data Center Image
Cable Length	1974 Ft	
Cable Current	0 uAnps	NA INC.
Leg 1 Resistance	5673 Ohmo	
Leg 2 Resistance	5663 Ohma	
Leak Alarm Delay Count	0 Seconds	
Contamination Alarm Delay Count	0 Seconds	
Re-Alarm Countdown	disabled	
Last Alarm Time	01/19/12 15:01:49 - (Leak Detected)	
sysUpTime	3 days 3 hrs 52 mins 30 secs	
Controller #2: LD2100 Web Demo	Normal	
Controller #3: LD1500 Web Demo	Normal	AUX
Controller #4: TS-LD2100	Normal	Data Center Image
Controller #5: TS-LD1500	Normal	

The row of links inside the blue bar at the top of the page act like tabs, and provide access to a variety of expanded functionality and configuration options.

Figure 4.1 AQ5200 Web Interface Home Page

Ione Identity Configuration Historical Data Refresh

Operations Floor 5200

Alarn Status	Leak Detected at 51 Ft - Zone 2
Cable Length	379 Pt
Cable Current	298 uAmps
Leg 1 Resistance	1086 Ohms
Leg 2 Resistance	1092 Ohms
Leak Alarm Delay Count	20 Seconds
Contamination Alarm Delay Count	0 Seconds
Re-Alarm Countdown	disabled
Last Alarn Time	02/10/12 09:41:55 - (Leak Detected)
sysUpTime	0 days 18 hrs 16 mins 9 secs



FRI 02/10/12 09:44:34

The home page also provides annunciation for active alarms.

Figure 4.2 AQ5200 Web Interface Home Page with Active Leak Detected Alarm

4.2 Identity

dentity Configuration Historical C		
ns Floor 5200		
odel	LD5200	
lash Application	LD5200 V2.1.20	
ash Appl. Size	773392	
lootloader Version	LD5200 BOOT V2.0.1	
AC Address	00:90:58:F0:52:44	
Address	10.0.0.237	
et Wask	255 255 255 0	
ef Route	10.0.0.1	
ysUpTime	3 days 14 hrs 15 mins 0 secs	
ystem Name	Operations Floor LD5200	
ystem Contact	Technical Support support@rietech.com	
ystem Location	RLE Technologies, 104 Racquette Drive, Fort Collins, CO 80524	

The Identity link displays basic AQ5200 information, including model number, system name, contact information, firmware version, and IP address. Most of these values can be adjusted through the Configuration screens. This page is intended for reference only, not system adjustment.

Figure 4.3 Identity Page

4.3 Configuration

Home Identity Configuration	Historical Clata Refresh	
Operations Floor 5200 Configuration Menu		NON 042014 11:15:13
Lesk Virbal Zone Siave Controller Siave Zones Network/P Network/P Network/P Mag Cook NTP EmalSIITP/DNS ShitP/Systep EMA-SIITP/DNS ShitP/Systep EMA-SIITP/DNS		
Alarm Management		
System/Flash Management		
 Product Registration 		

The Configuration link provides access to a series of sub-menus from which users can adjust system settings.

Figure 4.4 Configuration Page

NOTE If any of the fields within the sub-menus are edited, be sure to click the Submit Changes button to save the changes. If you edit the fields and navigate from the web page without clicking the Submit Changes button, all changes will be lost.

4.3.1 Leak

Use the Leak Configuration page to fine tune system variables, including leak and contamination thresholds, latching and unlatching alarms, and sensing cable resistance.

Leak Cor	inguration
Submit Changes	
Leak Trip Point	155 uA (25-175)
Contamination Trip Point	75 uA (20-175)
Leak Alarm Delay	20 Seconds (5-990)
Contamination Alarm Delay	120 Seconds (5-990)
Resistance Per Foot	2.832 x.xxx ohms (2.000-4.250)
Re-Alarm Interval	0 (0-24 Hours)
Measurement Display	Feet Meters
Latching Alarms	No Ves
Audible Alarm	Enabled Disabled
LCD Password	0000 (numeric - 4 digits)
Length Calibration Factor	0.999009 8076/8068
4-20 mA Leak Alarm Output Span	4-20 mA 🔻
4-20 mA Leak Alarm Output Range	1000 Ft 🔻
Preventative Maintenance Alarm	0 Days (0=Disabled, Range: 30-720)
Preventative Maintenance LCD Ack Code	1234 PM is disabled
Preventative Maintenance Text (sysContact	Maintenance Department 800-555-1234 maintenance@yourfacility.com
Maintenance Relay	Preventive Power Fail
LCD Midnight Reset	Enabled O Disabled

Set Cable Relay - This will simulate 8060 ohms of cable for an approx. length reading of 2846 ft - for up to 5 minutes

Figure 4.5 Leak Configuration Page

Option	Description			
Leak Trip Point	The threshold for the amount of water required to trigger a leak alarm. Adjust this number to adjust the sensitivity of the leak alarm.			
	A lower number yields a more sensitive system, so the system will trigger a leak alarm with less water present.			
	A higher number produces a less sensitive system, so more water is required to trigger an alarm.			
	Enter a value between 25 and 175 microamps.			
	Default setting: 150uA.			
Contamination Trip Point	The threshold for the amount of contamination required to trigger a cable contamination alarm. Adjust this number to adjust the sensitivity of the contamination alarm.			
	A lower number yields a more sensitive system, so the system will trigger a contamination alarm with less contamination present.			
	A higher number produces a less sensitive system, so more contamination is required to trigger an alarm.			
	Enter a value between 20 and 175 microamps.			
	Default setting: 50uA.			
Leak Alarm Delay	The amount of time that passes between the time a leak is detected and the annunciation of the leak alarm.			
	The leak trip point must be exceeded for the duration of this delay.			
	Default setting: 20 seconds			
Contamination Alarm Delay	The amount of time that passes between the time a contamination is detected and the annunciation of the contamination alarm.			
	The contamination trip point must be exceeded for the duration of this delay.			
	Default setting: 40 seconds			

 Table 4.1
 Leak Configuration Options

Option	Description			
Resistance Per Foot	The resistance per foot (or meter) of cable determines the AQ5200's ability to accurately detect the cable length installed andcalculate distances to leaks. Adjust this value to fine-tune the accuracy of a distance-read leak detection system.			
	AQUALEAK's sensing cables have a base resistance of 2.800 ohms perfoot.			
	Refer to "Calibrate Cable Resistance" on page 25 for detailed resistance calibration.			
	The resistance value must be entered as a 4-digit number between 2.000 and 4.250, with one number in the tens place and three numbers past the decimal point ($x.xxx$).			
	Default setting: 2.800 ohms per foot.			
Re-Alarm Interval	The AQ5200 can be set to re-alarm - after a leak or contamination has been detected, the alarm will be re-sent at a defined interval until the alarm condition has been resolved. The re-alarm triggers both the audible alarm and the direct notification alarm.			
	Enter a number from 0 to 24. A 0 in this field turns off the re-alarm option, so only one alarm notification will be sent for each alarm.			
	Default setting: 0 (disabled)			
Measurement Display	Select either feet or meters to calibrate the AQ5200 to the preferred unit of measure. All distance calculations will adjust accordingly.			
	Default setting: Feet			
Latching Alarms	A non-latching alarm resets itself once a detected leak or contamination has been resolved.			
	A latching alarm must be manually acknowledged before its annunciation clears, even if the detected leak or cable problem is no longer present.			
	Select Yes (latching) or No (non-latching).			
	Default setting: No (non-latching alarms)			
Audible Alarm	Select Enabled to activate the audible alarm annunciation. Disable this option to deactivate the audible alarm annunciation.			
	Default setting: Disabled			

 Table 4.1
 Leak Configuration Options (continued)

Option	Description		
LCD Password	Establish a 4-digit numerical code to access the Setup series of menus through the LCD. Set the value to 0000 if you don't wish to have a password.		
	Default setting: 0000 (no password)		
Length Calibration Factor	Reserved for manufacturer's use only.		
4-20mA Leak Alarm Output Span	Selectable: 5-19mA or 4-20mA		
	Default setting: 5-19mA		
4-20mA Leak Alarm	Selectable:		
Output Range	1000 feet		
	2500 feet		
	5000 feet		
	7500 feet		
	Default setting: 1000 feet		
Preventative Maintenance Alarm	Preventative maintenance keeps a leak detection system running efficiently and reliably. Use this option to program a preventative maintenance alarm reminder into the system.		
	Select a span of days to elapse between maintenance alarms, from 30-720 days. Set the value to 0 to disable this option.		
	Default setting: 0 (disabled)		
Preventative Maintenance LCD Ack Code	Establish a 4-digit numerical code to acknowledge the preventative maintenance alarm. Set the value to 0000 if you don't wish to have a password.		
	Default setting: 0000 (no password)		
Preventative Maintenance Text	Designate text to display when the maintenance reminder is triggered.		
	Enter up to four lines of text (30 characters per line)		
	Default setting: blank		

 Table 4.1
 Leak Configuration Options (continued)

Option	Description
Maintenance Relay The relay output can be configured either as a preventative maintenance reminder or a power fail notification to inform when power to the unit is lost. Default setting: Preventative Maintenance	
LCD Midnight Reset	By default the unit's LCD will reset at midnight every night. In some rare instances, this causes the device to have a momentary connectivity failure at midnight. If a loss of connectivity is being reported at your facility, you can disable the LCD reset. Use this option to enable or disable the 12:00 a.m. LCD reset.
	Default: Enabled

 Table 4.1
 Leak Configuration Options (continued)

Set Cable Relay Button - Used to troubleshoot the controller, this button simulates 8060 ohms of leak detection cable (approximately 2878 feet of 2.8 ohms/foot cable) for up to 5 minutes. Push the button and then look at the web interface home page. If the controller is functioning properly, the cable length will register approximately 2878 feet, and the leg 1 and leg 2 resistance will be approximately 8060 ohms.

4.3.2 Virtual Zone

A virtual zone is a labeled reference point in a leak detection system. A virtual zone can consist of a room, a drip pan containing a spot detector under an air handler unit, a combination of rooms and components, or any other defined area whose identification would help in the location of leaks.

The AQ5200 supports up to 32 virtual zones. Dividing a leak detection system into zones helps locate leaks quickly. It simplifies troubleshooting by allowing you to isolate different sections of cable as separately defined areas.

Virtual Zone Configuration					
Subm	Submit Changes Feet				
Zone #	Label	End Distance	Zone #	Label	End Distance
1	Zone 1	50	17		0
2	Zone 2	100	18		0
3	Zone 3	150	19		0
4	Zone 4	200	20		0
5	Zone 5	250	21		0
6	Zone 6	300	22		0
7	Zone 7	350	23		0
8	Zone 8	400	24		0
9	Zone 9	450	25		0
10	Zone 10	500	26		0
11	Zone 11	600	27		0
12	Zone 12	700	28		0
13		0	29		0
14		0	30		0
15		0	31		0
16		0	32		0

Figure 4.6 Virtual Zone Configuration Page

Option	Description
Zone #	A fixed number, 1 - 32, used to designate the Zone.
Label	Type a descriptive label for the zone, 30 characters or less.
End Distance	Record the sensing cable's distance measurement at the END of the zone. Zone 1 starts at 0 feet / meters, and then you designate the end point for Zone 1. Zone 2 starts at zone 1's ending distance; you designate where Zone 2 ends. Each subsequent zone begins where the previous zone ends.

 Table 4.2
 Virtual Zone Configuration Options

4.3.3 Slave Controller

The AQ5200 can act as a Modbus or Bacnet IP master for other AQUALEAK leak detection devices.Up to 127 slave devices can be connected to one AQ5200. To configure the AQ5200 as a Modbus master, refer to Chapter 5, "Modbus Communication" on page 87.

	Page 1 of 8				ump to page:	•
	Modbus/Slave Controller/Zone Configuration					
Submit	Submit Changes					
Controller	Label	Control Type	Enable Comm Type	Address / Slave ID / Device ID	IP Address	
1			Master	(-)		
2	LD2100 Web Demo	Distance Read 🔻	Modbus/TCP •	1	23.24.146.56	
3	LD1500 Demo	Distance Read 🔻	Modbus/UDP V	21	23.24.146.53	
4	LD2100 Web Demo - Bacnet	Distance Read 🔻	Bacnet/IP 🔹	7254	23.24.146.56	
5		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0	
6		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
7		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
8		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
9		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔹	0	0.0.0.0	
10		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
11		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
12		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
13		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0.0	
14		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔹	0	0.0.0.0	
15		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔹	0	0.0.0.0	
16		Distance Read 🔻	Disabled 🔻	0	0.0.0	

Figure 4.7 Slave Controller Configuration Page.

Option	Description
Jump to Page	Use this drop down menu to access additional devices.
Controller #	A fixed number, 1 - 127, used to designate the controller.
Label	Type a descriptive label for the controller, 30 characters or less.
Control Type	Designate the slave device as distance read or zone
Enable Comm Type	Select a communications type for the slave device:
	EIA-485 Port1
	EIA-485 Port3
	Modbus/TCP
	Bacnet/IP
Address/Slave ID/ Device ID	Designate the Slave ID or Device ID.
IP Address	Enter the IP Address of the slave device

 Table 4.3
 Slave Controller Configuration Options

4.3.4 Slave Zones

If you have designated controllers on the Slave Configuration page, then use this page to label the slave zone(s). Your available labeling and configuration options will change depending on the type of device, and how you're obtaining the information. If you are pulling in data via BACnet IP, the fields will display but will be read only. If there are no slave devices configured on the unit, you will be rerouted back to the main Configuration page.

	Slave Cor	ntroller #2	Jump to controller:	•		
	Slave Controller #2	Zone Configuration				
Submit Changes	Submit Changes					
LD2100 Web Demo						
Virtual Zone #	Label	End Distance				
1	East wall	75				
2	South Wall	125				
3	West Wall	300				
4	North Wall	400				
5		0				
6		0				



	Slave	Controller #5	Jump to controller:	•
	Slave Controller	#5 Zone Configuration		
Submit Changes				
F200				
LDZ Zone #	Label			
1	Boiler Room			
2	Janitor Closet			
3	Battery Room			
4				
5				
6				

Figure 4.9	Slave Zone	Configuration	Page, Zone
<u> </u>			U /

Option	Description
Jump to Unit	Use this drop down menu to access additional devices.
Zone #	A fixed number used to designate the controller, as configured on the Slave Configuration menu.
Label	Type a descriptive label for the controller, 30 characters or less.
End Distance	For distance-read systems, the distance reading at the end of that virtual zone.

 Table 4.4
 LDZ/Slave Zone Label Configuration Options

4.3.5 Network/IP

The Network/IP page displays the assigned MAC address and allows users to configure common network information. Editing this information will change the way the web interface operates. Only change this information if you have been in contact with your network administrator, and are sure the changes are correct.

IP Config	juration
Submit Changes	
Warning: Changing these parameters will cause the network interface to operate	differently, only change parameters if you are sure the changes are correct.
MAC Address: I	00:90:5B:04:07:E0
IP Address:	10.0.0.85
Net Mask:	255.255.255.0
Def Route:	10.0.0.1
Http Port:	0 (Default 0 = 80)
Tcp Max Seg Size:	⊙ 1436 ^C 536
Disable Network Watchdog:	⊙ No C Yes

Figure 4.10 Network/IP Configuration Page

Option	Description
MAC Address	The MAC address is a unique identifier set by the manufacturer, and is non-editable.
IP Address	Set the IP address for the AQ5200, so it can communicate on your network. If you do not have an IP address for the device, obtain one from your IT department.
	Default IP address: 10.0.0.188
Net Mask	Designate the device's Subnet Mask. Contact your IT department for further information.
	Default subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
Def Route	Designate the device's default route (default gateway). If you do not have a default route, obtain one from your IT department.
	Default device route: 10.0.0.1
Http Port	Some ISPs use alternate http ports as an added security measure. Edit this field in accordance with your ISPs security settings.
	Default: 0 = Port 80
Tcp Max Seg Size	The AQ5200 defaults to 1436 packet size for web page data. Users may select 536 for limited bandwidth or VPN applications.
	Default: 1436
Disable Network Watchdog	The network watchdog is used to reboot the device if excessive network traffic or errors are detected.
	Default: No

 Table 4.5
 Network/IP Configuration Options

4.3.6 Network Statistics

The Network Statistics link displays a snapshot of the most recent network information.

Netstats for Mac: 00:90:5B:04:07:E0 IP: 10.0.0.85

ints:	1015283	3	inpacket	s:	1015655	pro	ce:	ssed:	1015656	
cefused:	0		arp:		393340	ip:			603013	
tx sent:	778688		tx refus	sed:	0	tcp	r	etries:	1	
cp_timeouts:	:0									
-										
RMON_T_DROP	-	- 0		RMON	T_PACKETS	;	- '	778688		
RMON_T_BC_PKT	Г =	= 19	927	RMON	T_MC_PKT		= 1	0		
RMON_T_CRC_AI	IGN =	- 0		RMON	T_UNDERSIZE	:	= 1	0		
RMON_T_FRAG	-	- 0		RMON	T_JAB	-	= 1	0		
RMON_T_COL	=	= 0		RMON	T_P64	:		439529		
RMON_T_P65T0:	L27 =	- 17	7884	RMON	T_P128T0255	5	-	15		
RMON_T_P256T0	511 =	= 23	:	RMON	T_P512T0102	3	= :	3630		
RMON_T_P10247	02047 =	= 15	57607	RMON	T_P_GTE2048	3	- 1	0		
RMON_T_OCTETS	š =	= 27	6749509	IEEE_	T_DROP	-	= 1	0		
IEEE_T_FRAME_	OK =	= 14	10	IEEE_	T_1COL	:	= 1	0		
IEEE_T_MCOL	-	- 0		IEEE_	T_DEF	1	= ;	263		
IEEE_T_LCOL	-	- 0		IEEE_	T_EXCOL	1	- 1	0		
IEEE_T_MACERI	۶ =	- 0		IEEE_	T_MACERR		- 1	0		
IEEE_T_CSERR	-	- 77	8423	IEEE_	T_SQE	-	= 1	0		
IEEE_T_FDXFC	-	- 0		IEEE_	T_OCTETS_OF	ζ	= ;	27674950)9	
RMON_R_PACKET	ເສ =	= 12	63976	RMON	R_BC_PKT	1		533381		
RMON_R_CRC_AI	IGN =	- 0		RMON	R_UNDERSIZE	: :	- 1	0		
RMON_R_OVERSI	EZE =	- 0		RMON	R_FRAG	-	- 1	0		
RMON_R_JAB	=	= 0		RMON	R_RESVD_O	-	= 1	0		
RMON_R_P64	-	- 71	4708	RMON	R_P64		- '	714708		
RMON_R_P65TO:	L27 =	= 35	52279	RMON	R_P128T0255	5	= :	35270		
RMON_R_P256T0	511 =	= 16	51080	RMON	R_512T01023	; :		504		
RMON_R_P_GTE2	2048 =	- 0		RMON	R_1024T0204	ł7 -	-	135		
RMON_R_OCTETS	5 =	= 13	8467656	IEEE	R_DROP	:	= 1	0		
IEEE_R_FRAME_	OK =	= 10	15663	IEEE_	R_CRC		= 1	0		
IEEE_R_ALIGN		- 0		IEEE_	R_MACERR		-	1		
IEEE_R_FDXFC	-	- 0		IEEE_	R_OCTETS_OF	۲ - C	- '	78634896	5	

Refresh netstats page

<u>Reset netstats</u>

Return to configuration

Figure 4.11 Network Statistics Page

4.3.7 Web

Use this page to establish passwords and a username for the web interface, and to customize the web interface's home page with your own graphics and links.

Web Configuration		
Submit Changes		
Web Username:	(If blank, default username is Id5200)	
Web Password Read Only:		
Web Password Read/Write:		
Web Refresh Rate: 10	Seconds	
Main Page Image: Floor M	/lap1 💌	

Figure 4.12 Web Configuration Page

Option	Description
Web Username	Designate a username used to access the web interface.
	Default username: AQ5200
Web Password Read Only	Two separate passwords can be configured on the AQ5200.
	The Read Only password allows users to access the AQ5200's web interface and view the conditions of the system, but does not allow users to make changes to the AQ5200's configuration.
	Default password: field is left blank (no password required)
Web Password Read/Write	The second configurable password on the AQ5200 provides users with expanded access.
	The Read/Write password allows users to view the conditions of the system and make changes to the AQ5200's configuration.
	Default password: field is left blank (no password required)
Web Refresh Rate	Decide how often the web page refreshes - checks for new data and reloads the web page - when left in an open web browser. Enter a value from 10 to 999 seconds. If you enter 0, the screen will not refresh on its own - you'll have to click the refresh button on your web browser or press F5 to refresh the screen.
	Default setting: 10 seconds
Main Page Image	One image appears in the double-lined box on the right side of the home page. Images are uploaded through the Map page of the web interface. Select an image from the drop down list of uploaded images.

Table 4.6	Neb	Configuration	Options
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4.3.8 Map

The AQ5200 allows users to upload up to 10 maps of their facilities and populate them with leak detection data. This provides users with a real-time view of their facility, including the physical location and status of their leak detection equipment, and a visual indication of any active alarms.

Through the mapping process, the AQ5200 creates an overlay for an uploaded map image. It superimposes the locations of your equipment - based on coordinates you designate - over the top of your map image. Once uploaded and populated, the map is accessible through the buttons generated on the right side of the AQ5200 home page.

Do not attempt to map your facility until your monitoring area is completely assembled - all of your leak detection equipment is in place, tested, and functional.

You'll need a map of your facility. You can draw maps yourself, or AQUALEAK can create maps fromsketches or mechanical drawings that you provide. When creating your own map and image file, keep in mind that the image file must be:

- 500kb or less in size
- 4000 x 4000 pixels or less
- A .jpg, .jpeg, .bmp, .gif, or .png formatted file.



Figure 4.13 Leak Detection Reference Map

A .pdf or .vsd image can be uploaded to the AQ5200, but .pdf and .vsd files do not support the interactive mapping overlays. Upload .pdf and .vsd files for visual reference only.

Since the AQ5200 never actually edits your map, if you should need to update your map image, previously designated map points will not need to be reconfigured. As long as you do not change size of your map, previously mapped coordinates should not need to be adjusted when you upload a new version of your map.

	Map 1 of 10	Jump to Map: 🛛 💶]
	Map #1 Configuration	1	1
Submit Changes		2	
Floor Map Link Text:	Master Zone Map	4	l
Floor Map Interactive:	● Yes ◎ No	5	l
Map Type:	Master Zone Map 💌	7	l
Master Zone Map Links:	Slave Web Page 💌	9	l
Zone/Controller:	1	10	1
Map Alarm Coordinates - Text Map Alarm Coordinates - Graphical Map Alarm Test			
User Image File Maximum Size is \$00KB. Maximum User Image File: zonemap.jpg 72031 bytes	n X-Y Mapping is 4000 x 4000 pixels.	Delete Image 1]
Image updates from your computer (.jpg .jpeg .bn	p.gif.png.pdf.vsd):		
Image: Choose File No file chosen	Upload		

The AQ5200 allows users to upload 10 maps, and make all 10 of the maps interactive. Use the drop down menu on the upper right side of the Map Configuration screen (shown below) to upload and configure each individual map.

Figure 4.14 Map Settings Page

Option	Description
Jump to Map	The AQ5200 lets users upload and populate up to 10 different maps. Use this drop down menu to select the appropriate reference number for the map.
Floor Map Link Text	Each map has its own link from the AQ5200's home page. A button will be created on the right side of the home page. Click this button to launch a new browser window that displays a full-sized version of the map and mapped points. Designate the text that appears on the button that links to this specific floor map.
Floor Map Interactive	Select Yes to create an interactive overlay for your image - designate mapped location that will show the status of your system. Select No if you'd like the image to display as a plain image through the AQ5200, without interactive mapping capabilities. Default setting: No

Table 4.7Map Settings Options

Option	Description
Map Type Only available on Map 1	Distance Read - the traditional map overlay, use this option to plot points and pinpoint a leak's location with sensing cable. Master Zone Map - only available for map #1, this option allows users to view the status of all of their configured physical zones from one map. If one of the zones reports an alarm condition, that condition will appear as an appropriately colored box on the map. Zone 1 will always represent the AQ5200 you're working with. In this example, three zones are being monitored and no alarms are present.
Master Zone Map Links	The zones (colored squares) on the Master Zone Map can be configured as links. These links can either connect to a map of that specific slave unit/zone, or can connect directly to the web interface for the slave unit. Disabled - No active links within the Master Zone Map. Maps 2-10 - Link to preloaded image maps, which allows you to drill down into a graphical overview of the individual units. Slave Web Page - The AQ5200 imports the links from the information entered on the Slave Controller Configuration page. This allows the links in the map to link directly to the web interfaces (when available) for those slave units.
Zone/Controller	Designate the zone or controller with which this map corresponds. Zone/Controller 1 is reserved for the AQ5200 you're working with.
Map Alarm Coordinates - Text	Click this link to adjust the mapped points based on their numerical coordinates. This is helpful if you wish to fine-tune mapped coordinates.

Table 4.7 Map Settings Options

Option	Description
Map Alarm Coordinates - Graphical	Use this link to designate mapped points with the uploaded image.
Map Alarm Test	Click this link to view a test map, with all mapped points displayed in their alarm state.
User Image File	This non-editable field reports the name and size of the image currently uploaded.
Delete Image #	Use this button to delete the uploaded image.
Image	Click the Browse or Choose File button to locate the prepared floor map on your system.
	Acceptable file formats: .jpeg, .jpg, .bmp, .png, and .gifpdf and .vsd files can be uploaded for reference, but cannot support interactive mapping capabilities.
	File size: less than 500kb
	Maximum physical size: 4000x4000 pixels
	Select the correct file and click the Upload button to load the file onto the AQ5200.

Table 4.7 Map Settings Options

Several options on this page fall above the gray line that separates the image upload section of the page. If you edit any of the fields above the line, be sure to press the **Submit Changes** button to save your edits before you upload an image. If you click the Upload button without submitting your changes, all your edits will be lost.

4.3.8.1 Upload the Map Image

1 From the Map Configuration page, click the **Browse** or **Choose File** button. Depending on which browser you're using, this button may have different names.

2 Locate and select the map file you have previously created and saved. Click the **Open** button. The path and name of the map file displays in the field next to the Browse button.

	Map 1 of 10	Jump to Map:
	Map #1 Configuration	
Submit Changes		
Floor Map Link Text: Data	a Center Image	
Floor Map Interactive: 🔿 🗸	rés ☉ No	
Zone/Controller: 1		
Map Alarm Coordinates - Text		
Map Alarm Coordinates - Graphical		
<u>Map Alarm Test</u>		
Llear Imana Fila Mavimum Siza io 5001/8. Mavimum V. V	Manning is 4000 × 4000 nivels	
Oser inager lie Maximum Size is Soortb, Maximum X-1	Mapping is 4000 × 4000 pixels.	
User Image File: Id2100_datacenter_example.jpg 17618	32 bytes	Delete Image 1
Image updates from your computer:		
Image: serGuide\Graphics\LD2100_DataCen	ter_Example.jpg Browse Upload	1

Figure 4.15 Map Configuration Page

3 Click the **Upload** button.

The upload should take about seven seconds. Once the image of the map has uploaded, the AQ5200 displays a message confirming that it has uploaded the new file.

File has been uploaded and copied to flash

If your browser does not automatically redirect you, please click here.

Figure 4.16 Map Image Upload Message

If you receive the following error message, the file did not upload:

Map image file has been uploaded - but type is unknown

If your browser does not automatically redirect you, please click here.

Figure 4.17 Map Image Upload Error Message

If the upload fails, return to the Map Configuration page, verify your file's size and type, and repeat the upload process.

4.3.8.2 Map Reference Points

Once the map image has been uploaded, make sure you've designated it as interactive (clicked the **Yes** radio button next to the Floor Map Interactive option), entered the text that you'd like to see on the link for the map (the Floor Map Link Text field) and clicked the **Submit Changes** button to save these edits. Now you're ready to designate reference points on the map.

Throughout the mapping process, you will use a set of crosshairs to designate the location of your mapped points. The AQ5200 firmware interprets the area directly in the center of the crosshairs as your reference point. Therefore, the point you're mapping appears on the map wherever the center of the crosshairs is located when you click the mouse to designate the object's location.



Figure 4.18 Mapping Crosshairs - Reference Point

When mapped, reference points appear on the map as follows:

Point	Map Display
Leak detected	Red square in the leak's location.
	The square does not appear on the map until a leak is detected.

Figure 4.19 Map Key

2 Click the Map Alarm Coordinates - Graphical link on the Map Configuration web page.

	Map 1 of 10	Jump to Map: 📃 💻
	Map #1 Configuration	
Submit Changes		
Floor Map Link Text: Data Cer	nter Image	
Floor Map Interactive: 💿 Yes 🕻	⊃ _{No}	
Zone/Controller: 1		
Map Alarm Coordinates - Text		
Map Alarm Coordinates - Graphical		
Map Alarm lest		
User Image File Maximum Size is 500KB. Maximum X-Y Mapp User Image File: Id2100_datacenter_example.jpg 176182 byt	ing is 4000 × 4000 pixels. es	Delete Image 1
Image updates from your computer:		
Image:	Browse Uplo	ad

Figure 4.20 Graphical Mapping Link

3 The Graphical Mapping link takes you to a view of your map image. This is where you'll designate the physical locations of your mapped coordinates. In the "Enter a distance" box

at the top of the webpage, type 0 to set the reference point for the beginning of the cable run.

Get the X-Y coordinates of the image on click	Current map #1 coordinate count: 0
Enter a distance then click on the image	

Figure 4.21 Mark the Beginning of the Cable Run

4 As you drag your mouse over the image, note that crosshairs appear. Use these crosshairs to pinpoint the location of the first coordinate. Click on the map in the location of the 0 point of the cable. When you click on the map, the distance and x,y coordinates are stored by the AQ5200 and associated with the distance you entered into the box at the top of the screen. Once the data has been saved, the map will reload, and the coordinate count at the top of the screen will increase by 1.



Current map #6 coordinate count: 1

Figure 4.22 Crosshairs Designate the Mapped Coordinate

5 Enter the next distance to be recorded and click on the map in the corresponding location. Repeat this step for each reference point you wish to add to the map. It is especially important to click on the map and designate a distance each time the cable changes direction. When all the points have been mapped, click the Return link at the top of the page to return to the Map Configuration page.

Get the X-Y coordin	nates of the image on click	Current map #1 coordinate count: 24		Return
Enter a distance	then click on the image			
	PPOONNMMLL JJ II HH	GGFFEEDDCCBBAA Z Y X W V U T S	SRQPONLKJIHGFE	BA
		U-2	AHU-I	1 2

Figure 4.23 Coordinates Have Been Mapped - Return to the Map Configuration Page

4.3.8.3 Test the Mapped Coordinates

Return to the Map Configuration page and click the **Map Alarm Test** button. This will launch a new tab in your browser that displays your map with all your mapped coordinates, along



with their distance measurements. This demonstrates what the coordinates will look like when an alarm condition occurs.

Figure 4.24 Click the Map Alarm Test Link to View All Mapped Points in an Alarm State

If any coordinates need to be adjusted, you can fine tune them through the Map Alarm Coordinates - Text link on the Map Configuration page. Click this link to display all the mapped coordinates and the distance readings associated with them.

	N	lap #1 Alarm Coordinat	es	
		Page 1 of 10		Jump to page: 📃 💌
Submit Changes				
		¥ 6	V. C	
III 1		A-Coordinate	183	
	25	899	452	
-	50	894	705	
3	75	690	620	
*	100	460	620	
5	100	460	030	
6	125	216	637	
7	150	200	475	
8	175	200	296	
9	200	239	90	
10	0 225	449	154	
11	1 250	693	156	
12	2 275	723	179	
13	3 300	696	393	
14	4 325	697	604	
15	5 375	538	602	
16	6 400	538	393	
17	7 425	540	190	
18	, 8 475	, 383	, 190	
15	9 500	383	395	
20	0 525	383	599	
_	1020	000		Delate All Coordinator

<u>Return</u>

Edit the x, y, and distance values as necessary. To delete a coordinate, change all its values to 0. Click the Delete All Coordinates button to clear all the fields. Click the **Submit Changes** button to save all modifications.

4.3.8.4 Viewing the Map

Once you have given the map a title, the title appears on the Home page as an active button below the map image. If you have uploaded and titled two images, two buttons appear below the main map (the map loaded into Image index 1).

1	
	Data Center Map
-	
	Data Casta Mana
	Dava Cerker map

Figure 4.25 Map (Image) Buttons on Home Page

To view an enlargement of an image, click the button for the image you want to enlarge. The enlarged image displays in a new browser window.

4.3.9 Clock

Use this link to adjust the date and time, as needed. Click the **Submit Changes** button to save all modifications.

	Clock Configuration
Submit Changes	
	Date: 01/20/12
	Time: 12:08:28
	Day: FRI

Figure 4.26 Clock Configuration Page

Option	Description
Date	Adjust the current date, in mm/dd/yy format, if necessary.
Time	Adjust the current time, in hh:mm:ss format, if necessary.
Day	A non-configurable field, the day of the week is generated based on the date.

 Table 4.8
 Clock Configuration Options

4.3.10 NTP

NTP, or Network Time Protocol, is used to synchronize clocks of computer systems. NTP synchronizes the time of a computer or device (the AQ5200) with another computer or referenced time source. NTP maintains a high level or accuracy and reliability in time stamped events.

Network Time Protocol (NTP) Configuration		
Submit Changes		
NTP Server:	pool.ntp.org	
	(IP address or hostname)	
Update Interval:	1 Hours (0 for disabled)	
Select Time Zone:	Mountain US (UTC - 7)	
Daylight Savings Time:	2:00 AM Local 💌	
DST Begin Date:	Second Sunday - March	
DST End Date:	First Sunday - November	
Mail Server DNS address logged for: "na0100.smtpout.com" 208.70.89.156		



sysUpHours: 240 LastNtpRequestTime: 241 LastNtpResponseTime: 241

Figure 4.27 NTP Configuration Page

Option	Description
NTP Server	The IP address or hostname of the NTP server with which your AQ5200 will synchronize. Public NTP servers include us.pool.ntp.org and time.nist.gov
	Default setting: blank
Update Interval	Designate how often you'd like the AQ5200 to access and synchronize with the NTP server. Enter a 0 to disable this feature.
	Default setting: 0 (disabled)
Select Time Zone	Select the time zone in which this particular AQ5200 resides.
	Default setting: Western European (UTC + 0)
Daylight Savings Time	Enable or disable Daylight Savings Time, and designate at which time DST goes into effect in your time zone.
	Default setting: Disabled

 Table 4.9
 NTP Configuration Options

Option	Description
DST Begin Date	Set the day DST begins at your location.
	Default setting: Second Sunday - March
DST End Date	Set the day DST ends at your location.
	Default setting: First Sunday - November

 Table 4.9
 NTP Configuration Options

4.3.11 Email-SMTP/DNS

Email Configuration		
Submit Changes		
Access Type:	⊙ _{None} O _{LAN}	
Options:	Email Contamination Alarms	
Primary DNS Server:	10.0.0.10	
Secondary DNS Server:	0.0.0.0	
Mail (SMTP) Server:	na0100.smtpout.com	
Smtp Port:	0 (Default 0 = 25)	
Mail Sender Address:	SeaHawk@rletech.com	
Mail Subject:	LD5200 Alarm	
Mail Recipient (1):	tfletcher@rletech.com	
Mail Recipient (2):		
Mail Recipient (3):		
Mail Recipient (4):		
Smtp Authentication:	None C Plain C Login (Do not enable this unless instructed by your ISP or IT dept!)	
Smtp Username:		
Smtp Password:		

Configure email and SMTP settings through this page.

(Email is disabled) Alarm History Entries: 240 Emails sent: 90 Emails unsent: 0

Mail Server DNS address logged for: "na0100.smtpout.com" 208.70.89.156 Mail Server Dns TTL: 45944 Ntp Server DNS address logged for: "pool.ntp.org" 216.45.57.38 Ntp Server Dns TTL: 203

<u>View Smtp Log / Send Test Email</u>

Figure 4.28 Email-SMTP/DNS Configuration Page

Option	Description
Access Type	Select LAN to send alerts through a local network connection. Select None to disable the email feature.
	Default setting: LAN
Options - Email Contamination Alarms	The AQ5200 will send alerts for leak and cable break alarms. Decide if you'd also like to receive email alerts for contamination alarms. If so, check this box. If false alarms are often detected on your system, you may want to disable this function
	Default setting: checked (contamination alarms enabled)
Primary DNS Server	Enter the IP address for the primary DNS server, as provided by your internet service provider.
	Default setting: 0.0.0.0

 Table 4.10
 Email-SMTP/DNS
 Configuration
 Options

Option	Description
Secondary DNS Server	Enter the IP address for the secondary DNS server, as provided by your internet service provider.
	Default setting: 0.0.0.0
Smtp Port	Alternative port used for SMTP. 0 = Port 25
	Default setting: 0 (Port 25)
Mail Sender Address	This is email sender address assigned to the AQ5200.
Mail Subject	Text that appears in the subject line of the email message.
Mail Recipient (1)	The email address of the first recipient.
Mail Recipient (2)	The email address of the second recipient.
Mail Recipient (3)	The email address of the third recipient.
Mail Recipient (4)	The email address of the fourth recipient.
Smtp Authentication	Used for ESMTP. Use the default setting, unless otherwise directed by your IT department.
	Default setting: None
Smtp Username	Used for ESMTP. Use the default setting, unless otherwise directed by your IT department.
	Default setting: Blank
Smtp Password	Used for ESMTP. Use the default setting, unless otherwise directed by your IT department.
	Default setting: Blank
View Smtp Log / Send Test Email	View a log of all email messages that have been sent by the AQ5200.
	This link provides access to a button that generates and sends a test email.

Table 4.10 Email-SMTP/DNS Configuration Options

4.3.12 SNMP/Syslog

	SNMP/Syslog Configuration			
Sut	Submit Changes			
		MIB	2 System	
	System Name	5200 Demo - username: Id	15200 p/w: (leave blank)	
	System Contact	t Maintenance Department800	-555-1234maintenance@yourfa	acility.com
	System Location	x		
		V1/V2C Co	mmunity Names	
	Get/Read	t [
	Set/Write	κ		
	Trap	x		
			Traps	
	Select Snmp Trap Type	V1-Trap 👻		
	Max Inform Retries	(0-999) (0=unlimited)		
	Inform Interval	t 1 (1-999) (Minutes)		
	Modbus Zone Traps	Enable 🖲 Disable		
	,	Trap D	estinations	
=	IP Address		TrapEnable	Syslog Message
1	0.0.0.0			0.0
2	0.0.0.0		0	•
3	0.0.0.0		0	0 ()
4	empty		0	0 ()
		S	nmpV3	
Engin	Engine ID: 80000C700300905B04169D Context Name:			
<u> </u>	User Name	Access Mode	Auth-Password (8-24 chars)	Priv-Password (8-24 chars)
1		No-Auth V		
2		No-Auth 🗸		
3		No-Auth 🗸		
4		No-Auth 🗸		
Trap		No-Auth 🗸		

unsupportedSecurityLevel:0 / notInTimeWindow:0 / unknownUserName:0 unknownEngineID:5 / wrongDigest:0 / decryptionError:0

Send Test Trap - Leak Detected

Send Test Trap - Cable Break

Send Test Trap - Contamination

Use this page to configure the AQ5200 for SNMP communications.

Figure 4.29 SNMP/Syslog Page

Option	Description	
MIB-2 System Options		
System Name	Designate a unique name for the AQ5200, up to 30 characters.	
System Contact	Lists the individual responsible for the AQ5200.	
	Enter up to four lines of text (30 characters per line)	
System Location	Enter the address of the AQ5200's physical location.	
V1/V2C Community Names		
Get/Read	Enter the appropriate community name.	

Table 4.11 SNMP/Syslog Options

Option	Description	
Set/Write	Enter the appropriate community name.	
Тгар	Enter the appropriate community name.	
Traps Options		
Select Snmp Trap Type	Select the appropriate trap type from the following options: V1 - Trap, V2C - Trap, V2C - Inform, V3 - Trap, V3 - Inform	
	Default setting: V1 -Trap	
Max Inform Retries	The number of times the AQ5200 will attempt to resend an undelivered trap. Enter a number 0 - 999. Enter 0 for an unlimited number of attempts.	
	Default setting: 0 (unlimited)	
Inform Interval	The number of minutes that passes between inform operations. Enter a number of minutes 1 - 999	
	Default setting: 1	
Modbus Zone Traps	Enable or disable this function.	
	Default setting: Disable	
Trap Destinations		
IP Address	The IP address of the server to send the trap information to.	
TrapEnable	Check this box to indicate that trap information should be sent to the specified server.	
Syslog Message	Check this box to indicate that syslog messages should be sent to the specified server.	
SnmpV3		
Engine ID	An uneditable field that lists the engine ID.	
Context Name	Enter the alphanumeric name used for the SNMP v3 interface.	
#	An uneditable field used to designate individual users.	
User Name	Enter a unique name for each user.	
Access Mode	Choose from the following:	
	No Authentication	
	Authentication - MD5	
	Privacy Authentication - MD5	
	A user name is need for No Authentication, and a user name and password are required for Authentication and Privacy Authentication access.	
Auth-Password	Enter the authentication password - the password must be between 8 and 24 characters long.	

Table 4.11 SNMP/Syslog Options

Option	Description
Priv-Password	Enter the privacy (encryption) password - the password must be between 8 and 24 characters long.
Send Test Trap - Leak Detected	Use these buttons to send test traps - test your system setup to ensure all information has been entered correctly.
Send Test Trap - Cable Break	
Send Test Trap - Contamination	

Table 4.11 SNMP/Syslog Options

4.3.13 EIA-485 Port/Modbus/N2

If the AQ5200 will communicate via the EIA-485 port, configure the necessary options here.

Modbus/EIA-485 Configuration						
Submit Changes						
	Modbus/TCP/UDP Slave Unit Identifier: 1 (1-254, 0 = disabled)					
	Enable Alarm Relay for Modbus Slaves: O Enable O Disable					
	EIA-485 Port1 Function: Modbus-Slave					
	EIA-485 Port1 Baud Rate: 💿 9600 O 19200 O 38400					
	EIA-485 Port1 Slave Address: 0 (1-254, 0 = disabled)					
	EIA-485 Port2 Function: Modbus-Slave					
	EIA-485 Port2 Baud Rate: 💿 9600 C 19200 C 38400					
	Note: Port 1 & 2 cannot be individually set to 19200 and 38400					
	EIA-485 Port2 Slave Address: 0 (1-254, 0 = disabled)					
	EIA-485 Port3 Function: Modbus-Master 💌					
	EIA-485 Port3 Baud Rate: 💿 9600 O 19200 O 38400					
	EIA-485 Port3 Slave Address: 0 (1-254, 0 = disabled)					
Modbus Slave Register Display Log						
	Modbus Statistics					
Modbus Packet Log						

N2 Register Display Log / Statistics

Figure 4.30 Modbus EIA-485 Page

Option	Description				
Modbus/TCP/UDP Slave Unit Identifier	This designator is used for Modbus RTU over an Ethernet connection.				
	Set the slave unit identifier, $1-254$. $0 = disabled$.				
Enable Alarm Relay for Modbus Slaves	arm Relay Enable or disable this option is Slaves				
	Default setting: Disabled				
EIA-485 Port 1 Function	Select Modbus-Slave or Modbus-Master				
EIA-485 Port 1 Baud Rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, or 38400				
EIA-485 Port 1 Slave Address	Set the slave address, 1-254. 0 = disabled				
EIA-485 Port 2 Function	Select Modbus Slave, Bacnet-MS/TP-Slave, Modbus-Master, or N2 (fixed, 9600, 8, n, 1)				
EIA-485 Port 2 Baud Rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, or 38400				

Table 4.12 Modbus/EIA-485 Options

Option	Description
EIA-485 Port 2 Slave Address	Set the slave address, 1-254. 0 = disabled
EIA-485 Port 3 Function	Select Modbus-Slave or Modbus-Master
EIA-485 Port 3 Baud Rate	Selectable: 9600, 19200, or 38400
EIA-485 Port 3 Slave Address	Set the slave address, 1-254. 0 = disabled
Modbus Slave Register Display Log	Click these links to display the corresponding data.
Modbus Statistics	
Modbus Packet Log	
N2 Register Display Log / Statistics	

Table 4.12 Modbus/EIA-485 Options

4.3.14 Bacnet

The AQ5200 can communicate via BACnet. BACnet allows building automation and control devices to communicate, regardless of the services they perform.

		Bacnet Config	guration						
Submit Changes									
BACnet Device Name:	Ricks LD5200								
BACnet Device ID:	237 (0 = Disabled)								
BACnet Description:	Ricks LD5200								
Bacnet UDP Port:	47808 (0 = 47808)								
Bacnet MS/TP Max Master:	: 7 (0 = Slave Only)								
Register as Foreign Device at IP:	0.0.0 (Arp: na)								
Registration Time-to-Live:	65535								
Foreign Device Table #1: 0.0.0.0 TTL: 0 TimeRemaining: 0 Foreign Device Table #2: 0.0.0.0 TTL: 0 TimeRemaining: 0									
Bacnet BBMD-BDT:									
(Drimapy) #1 IP Address:	10.0.0.237:47808 Mask: 32	2 (FFFFFFF)	Maakii	0	(4.33)				
(Primary) #TIP Address.	0.0.0.0		Mask:	0	(1-32)				
#2 IP Address:	0.0.0.0		Mask:	0	(1-52)				
#3 IP Address:	0.0.0.0		Mask:	0	(1-52)				
#4 IP Address:	U.U.U.U	Port: U	Mask:	U	(1-52)				
Bacnet Alarms	Event Notification:	-							
Recipient #1 IP Address:	Recipient #1 IP Address: 0.0.0.0 PID: 5								
Notification Type:	Unconfirmed Cor	n firmed (Ack req	uired)						
Notification Class:	Priority	: [1							
Leak Detected Alarms:	Analog © Binary								
APD0_Timeout (seconds).	Number_of_A	APDU_Retries: [3							
Current Alarm Flags: Leak Detected 0x0, Cable Break 0x0, Contamination 0x0, Zone In Alarm 0x0 (AckReceived 0x20, AckRequired 0x10, SimpleAckRcvd 0x08, AlarmSent 0x04, NewAlarm 0x02, CurrentAlarm 0x01) MstpTokenDacketsIn: 15108379 MstpTokenDacketsOut: 7229233 MstpDataPacketsIn: 48851 MstpDataPacketsOut: 7229233 MstpDataPacketsIn: 48851 MstpDataPacketsOut: 21697 TokenCount: 7067676 Bacnet/IP and MS/TP Objects B1:1 Leak Alarm AI:2 Leakage Current On Cable B1:2 Cable Break Alarm AI:3 Length 0f Cable B1:3 Contamination Alarm AI:3 Length 0f Cable B1:4 Unit 0f Measure (true=ft, false=meters) Bacnet/IP Objects B1:201 Zone 2 Leakage Current (ma 0.xxx) TL:3 Trend-Log Leakage Current (ua xxx) B1:202 Zone 2 Leak Detected AI:202 Zone 2 Leakage Current B1:203 Zone 2 Cable Break AI:203 Zone 2 Length 0f Cable B1:203 Zone 2 Contamination B1:205 Zone 2 Contamineton B1:205 Zone 2 Cont Loss Repeat for Zones 3-127 B1:12801 Zone 128 Enabled AI:12801 Zone 128 Location 0f Leak B1:12803 Zone 128 Cable Break AI:12803 Zone 128 Length 0f Cable B1:12803 Zone 128 Cable Break AI:12803 Zone 128 Length 0f Cable B1:12803 Zone 128 Cable Break AI:12803 Zone 128 Length 0f Cable B1:12803 Zone 128 Cable Break AI:12803 Zone 128 Length 0f Cable B1:12805 Zone 128 Cable Break AI:12803 Zone 128 Length 0f Cable B1:12805 Zone 128 Contamination B1:12805 Zone 128 Contamination B1:12805 Zone 128 Contamination B1:12805 Zone 128 Contamination									
<pre>Property Identifers Support BACnet_Present_Value BACnet_Object_Type BACnet_Status_Flags</pre>	<pre>sed BACnet_Object_I BACnet_Out_Of_S BACnet_Event_St;</pre>	dentifier ervice ate	BACnet BACnet	_Objec _Units	t_Name				
Bacnet Device Objects BACnet_Object_Identifier BACnet_System_Status BACnet_Nodel Name BACnet_Location BACnet_Conformance_Class BACnet_Object_List BACnetSegment_Timeout BACnet_Bindings BacnetPacketLog	BACnet_Object_N. BACnet_Vendor_M. BACnet_Firmware BACnet_Descript: BACnet_Services BACnet_Max_APDU BACnet_APDU_Tim.	ame ame _Revision ion _Supported eout	BACnet BACnet BACnet BACnet BACnet BACnet	_Objec _Vendo _App_S _Protc _Objec _Segme _APDU_	t_Type r_Id oftware_Revision ol_Version t_Types_Supported nt_Supported Retries				
Figure 4.31 Bacnet Page

Option	Description	
BACnet Device Name	Designate a unique name for the AQ5200, up to 30 characters	
BACnet Device ID	Set the device ID, up to 30 characters. 0 = disabled	
BACnet Description	Enter a description for the device, up to 30 characters	
Bacnet UDP Port	Enter a 0 to specify port 47808 (0xBAC0) as the UDP port. If another port is specified by your application, enter that value here.	
	Default setting: 0	
Bacnet MS/TP Max Master	Set the slave address, 1-127. 0 = Slave only	
	Default setting: 0	
Register as Foreign Device at IP	IP address of the master device with which you're trying to communicate. Requires a BBMD for foreign device discovery.	
Registration Time- to-Live	Time, in seconds, for foreign device discovery.	
Foreign Device Table #1 & #2	Fixed fields whose content is drawn from the entries in the Register Foreign Device and Registration T-t-L fields.	
Bacnet BBMD-BDT	Used by some BACnet masters for discovery on different subnets.	
AQ5200 IP Address	Non-editable, this address is configured through the Network/IP link.	
(Primary) #1 IP Address	Designate the appropriate IP addresses.	
#2 IP Address		
#3 IP Address		
#4 IP Address		

Bacnet Alarms Event Notification

Recipient #1 IP Address	When there is a BACnet alarm, a message will be sent to this address.
Notification Type	Select unconfirmed or confirmed. If you select confirmed, the recipient will be required to acknowledge the alarm. Default setting: Unconfirmed
Notification Class	A list of devices to be informed if an event enrollment object determines that a warning or alarm message needs to be sent.
Priority	Designate a priority to controls where conflicting control situations may occur.
Leak Detected Alarms	Select analog or binary
APDU_Timeout	Amount of time (milliseconds) between retransmissions of an APDU requiring acknowledgement for which no acknowledgement has been received.

Table 4.13 Bacnet Options

Option	Description
Number_of_APDU_ Retries	The maximum number of times and APDU is retransmitted.
Send Test Alarms	Click this button to test your alarm configuration. Press the submit changes button before clicking this link, or all your BACnet configuration data will be lost.
Clear Test Alarms	Click this button to clear the test alarms once they have been sent and correctly received.

Table 4.13 Bacnet Options

4.3.15 Alarm Management

Use this page to manage and reset current alarms, messages, and alarm history.

Alarm Management
Silence Audible Alarm
Reset Leak Alarm
Acknowledge Preventative Maintenance Alarm PM alarm is inactive (day count 15 of 30)
Clear Alarm History
Acknowledge Unsent Emails (Email is disabled) Alarm History Entries: 240 Emails sent: 90 Emails unsent: 0
Acknowledge Snmp Informs

Submit	🔽 Er	hable Power	Up Alarm Logging
--------	------	-------------	------------------

Figure 4.32 Alarm Management Page

Option	Description
Silence Audible Alarms	Click to silence the current audible alarm. This will not turn off the audible alarm permanently - that option is available on the Leak page.
Reset Leak Alarm	Resets the current leak alarm and causes the AQ5200 to recheck the current cable conditions. This clears the alarm condition if the cable registers that the leak threshold is within an accepted range.
Acknowledge Preventative Maintenance Alarm	The preventative maintenance alarm is configured on the Leak page. Use this link to acknowledge the alarm once it is activated.
Clear Alarm History	View the alarm history through the Historical Data link at the top of the web interface. Click this button to clear the alarm history of all previous alarms.
Acknowledge Unsent Emails	Clears unsent emails so they aren't sent to recipients. Events are still logged in the historical data.
Acknowledge Snmp Informs	Acknowledges SNMP Informs and stops Informs from being sent out for the current alarm condition.

Table 4.14 Alarm Management Options

4.3.16 System/Flash Management

Use this page to update the AQ5200's firmware, the front panel LCD's firmware, and to backup the AQ5200's configuration file. Refer to Appendix A, "Update Firmware" on page 103 for complete firmware update instructions.

	System Management	
Exit To Bootloader	LCD Capture	LCD Program
	Download LCD Capture File (.bmp)	
Download Configuration File (.cfg)		
Configuration and Program updates from your computer:		
	Browse Upload	

Note: This version also supports tftp for configuration and program updates.

Figure 4.33 System/Flash Management Page

Option	Description
Exit to Bootloader	Access the bootloader.
LCD Capture	Use this button to download a .bmp image of the current front panel LCD screen. This operation takes about 30 seconds, and uses most of the processing power on the AQ5200. For this reason, you will not be able to perform any other operations on the AQ5200 while the capture executes.
Download LCD Capture File (.bmp)	Click this link to view the downloaded LCD capture image in your web browser.
LCD Program	Update the LCD screen's firmware.
Download Configuration File (.cfg)	Save a copy of the AQ5200's configuration file to a local computer. Always save a copy of the .cfg file before you update the firmware on the AQ5200.
Configuration and Program updates from your computer	Use this field to update the firmware on the AQ5200. Refer to Appendix A, "Update Firmware" on page 103 for complete firmware update instructions.

Table 4.15 System/Flash Management Options

4.3.17 Product Registration

The Product Registration link routes users to the product registration form at Aqualeaktech.com.Complete this form to receive product and firmware updates and support.

4.4 Historical Data

Home Identity	Configuration Historical Data Refresh		
)perations Flo	oor 5200		FRI 02/10/12 11:15:32
	Amp to page: Color Code: Unacknowledged - Acknowledged - Return to Normal / Event Alam	nHistory.bd Trend Lo	29.
			-
	Alarm History Entries: 361 (Page 1 of 3)		
	Acknowledge Pending Acknowledgements: 16		
	02/10/12 10:57:29 AH0361-04 No Leak Main Controller/Zone		
	02/10/12 09:50:50 AH0360-04 Leak Detected at 51 Ft VZone2: Zone 2		
	02/10/12 09:50:10 AP0359-04 No Leak Main Controller/Zone		
	02/10/12 09:41:55 AH0358-04 Leak Detected at 51 Ft VZone2: Zone 2		
	02/10/12 09:40:27 AH0357-05 No Contamination		
	02/10/12 09:38:28 AH0356-05 Contamination at 53 Ft, Leakage=92uA		
	02/09/12 15:26:34 AH0355-06 CPU Reset / power up		
	02/05/12 11:20:46 AH0354-06 CPU Reset / power up		
	CONFRIG OF ADDA ADDAS - 03 Cable Devel And		
	02/08/12 08:00:50 AD052-03 Cable Dread / name up 02/08/12 08:06:57 Ab0351-06 (2011 Rand / name up		
	02/03/12 08:08:59 AM0350-06 CPU Reset / power up		
	02/02/12 10:59:26 AH0349-05 No Contamination		
	02/02/12 10:54:00 AH0348-05 Contamination at 52 Ft, Leakage=80uA		
	02/02/12 10:53:17 AH0347-06 CPU Reset / power up		
	D2/02/12 10:49:27 AM0346-05 Contamination at 52 Ft, Leakage=134uA		
	02/02/12 10:36:13 AH0345-04 Leak Detected at 52 Ft VZone2: Zone 2		
	02/01/12 15:13:03 AH0344-06 CPU Reset / power up		

The Historical Data link provides access to logged historical data, including alarm and trending data. The AQ5200's historical data includes a time-stamped chronology of events and a trend log that contains occurrences of current leakage.

Figure 4.34	Historical	Data	Page
-------------	------------	------	------

Option	Description
Jump to Page	Use this drop down menu to access additional pages of historical data.
AlarmHistory.txt	Click this link to download a copy of the alarm history in a .txt format.
Trend Log	View trend log data.
Acknowledge	Each acknowledgeable alarm event has a checkbox in front of it. Click individual checkboxes and press the Acknowledge button to acknowledge selected alarms. If you wish to acknowledge all alarms on the page, click the checkbox in front of the Acknowledge button (this will activate all the available checkboxes) and click the Acknowledge button.

Table 4.16 Historical Data Options

Each entry in the alarm history is recorded in the following format:

checkbox MM/DD/YY HH:MM:SS. AHxxxx-yy.

Item	Description
checkbox	The selected alarm will be acknowledged once the Acknowledge button is pressed. Only events with a white checkbox can be checked and acknowledged. Gray checkboxes are inactive.
date and time	Displayed as MM/DD/YY and HH:MM:SS (24 hour format)
АН	Stands for "alarm history"
XXXX	The log entry number for the alarm/event.
уу	The event code, which indicates the type of event, as follows: 03 – Cable Fault 04 – Leak Detected 05 – Contamination Detected 06 – Reset/Power Up
text	Provides details about the current alarm/event.

Table 4.17 Alarm History Log Description

Alarm history data is also available as a text file (.txt.). Click the AlarmHistory.txt link to download the data as a text file.

```
LD5200 Alarm History
Operations Floor LD5200
AH0361-04-RETURN-02/10/12 10:57:29 No Leak Main Controller/Zone
AH0360-04-ALARM!-02/10/12 09:50:50 Leak Detected at 51 Ft VZone2: Zone 2
AH0359-04-RETURN-02/10/12 09:50:10 No Leak Main Controller/Zone
AH0358-04-ALARM!-02/10/12 09:41:55 Leak Detected at 51 Ft VZone2: Zone 2
AH0357-05-RETURN-02/10/12 09:40:27 No Contamination
AH0356-05-ALARM!-02/10/12 09:38:28 Contamination at 53 Ft, Leakage=92uA
AH0355-06-RETURN-02/09/12 15:26:34 CPU Reset / power up
AH0354-06-RETURN-02/08/12 11:20:46 CPU Reset / power up
AH0353-03-RETURN-02/08/12 08:40:40 Cable Ok
AH0352-03-ALARM!-02/08/12 08:40:36 Cable Break/Fault
AH0351-06-RETURN-02/08/12 08:36:57 CPU Reset / power up
AH0350-06-RETURN-02/07/12 08:08:59 CPU Reset / power up
AH0349-05-RETURN-02/02/12 10:59:26 No Contamination
AH0348-05-ALARM!-02/02/12 10:54:00 Contamination at 52 Ft, Leakage=80uA
AH0347-06-RETURN-02/02/12 10:53:17 CPU Reset / power up
AH0346-05-ALARM!-02/02/12 10:49:27 Contamination at 52 Ft, Leakage=134uA
AH0345-04-ALARM!-02/02/12 10:36:13 Leak Detected at 52 Ft VZone2: Zone 2
AH0344-06-RETURN-02/01/12 15:13:03 CPU Reset / power up
```

Figure 4.35 Alarm History Text File (.txt)

The Trend Log option provides a trending list of logged current leakage. This data provides assistance in troubleshooting leaks and inaccurate readings. Click the Trend Log link to access this information.

Trend Record_Count: 10 Total_Record_Count: 10 Buffer_Size: 365 Interval: 1440 (Minutes) TD001-09/17/11 13:57:55 Leakage: 0 uA TD002-09/18/11 14:28:50 Leakage: 0 uA TD003-09/19/11 14:59:56 Leakage: 0 uA TD004-09/20/11 19:17:23 Leakage: 0 uA TD005-09/22/11 15:09:16 Leakage: 0 uA TD006-12/18/11 17:24:10 Leakage: 0 uA TD007-12/20/11 14:58:25 Leakage: 0 uA TD008-12/21/11 15:32:01 Leakage: 0 uA TD009-01/27/12 10:46:04 Leakage: 0 uA TD009-01/27/12 10:46:04 Leakage: 0 uA

Figure 4.36 Trend Log

4.5 Refresh

Click the Refresh link to manually check for status updates. The AQ5200 will refresh all its data, and poll all connected devices for their most recent data. The Refresh link is especially helpful if the system's refresh rate is set at a long interval, or when new equipment is connected to the system. Instead of waiting for the AQ5200 to refresh on its own, click the link to force a system refresh.

To adjust the automatic refresh rate, refer to Figure 4.12, "Web Configuration Page" on page 60.

C HAPTER

MODBUS COMMUNICATION

5.1 Comm Port Settings

The Modbus/EIA-485 Configuration Menu allows users to configure all three of the AQ5200's EIA-485 Modbus ports. The AQ5200 is configurable as a both a Modbus master and a Modbus slave device. As a slave device, the AQ5200 can have only one master. All three ports may have their addresses and baud rates set in this menu. All addresses may be different and can be configured from 0 (disabled) to 254. Baud rates can be different and can be configured as 9600 (default), 19200, or 38400. Settings can be configured through both the LCD and the web interface.

The Leak Detection Master option enables slave units to activate the AQ5200 when they are triggered into an alarm state. This function is beneficial when the AQ5200 is a remote system that does not have personnel in the immediate vicinity to monitor the alarm status.

When using the leak detection master option, the AQ5200 relays can be activated according to the slave unit alarm. If the slave has a leak alarm or a cable break alarm, the AQ5200 leak or cable relay will change state, respectively (i.e. it will trigger that an alarm is present). The zone will then appear on the LCD and an alarm state will be reported to the top level of the system.

5.2 Leak Detection Modbus Master

This feature allows the AQ5200 to act as a Modbus master, so it can talk to other AQUALEAK distanceread panels. The system status can be viewed by using the view zones menu. The AQ5200 willdisplay leak, cable break, cable contamination, and loss of communications alarms from the slave units connected to it.

5.2.1 Connect Distance Read Panels to the AQ5200

Using a two wire configuration, connect the slave units in a 485 daisy chain. You will have to set the EIA-485 slave address in each Leak detection unit. The first unit connected must be set to address 2. The following units will increase in numeric order by one unit (e.g., the next unit would be set to address 3, the following would be set to address 4, etc.; see Figure 5.1.)



Figure 5.1 AQ5200 Connection Diagram

5.3 Implementation Basics

The AQ5200 is capable of communicating via the half-duplex EIA-485 serial communication standard. The EIA-485 medium allows for multiple devices on a multi-drop network.

5.3.1 Modes of Transmission

The Modbus protocol uses ASCII and RTU modes of transmission. The AQ5200 supports only the RTU mode of transmission, with 8 data bits, no parity and one stop bit. Every Modbus packet consists of four fields:

- Slave Address Field
- Function Field
- Data Field
- Error Check Field (Checksum)

5.3.1.1 Slave Address Field

The slave address field is set by the going into local 160x160 display on the front panel. Go to COMM PORT SETTINGS from the Main Menu screen. Select the Modbus Slave address and the baud rate to be used for either/or EIA-485 Port1 and EIA-485 Port2.

5.3.1.2 Function Field

The function field is one byte in length and tells the AQ5200 which function to perform. The supported functions are 03 (Read 4xxxx output registers), 04 (Read 3xxxx input registers), 06 (Preset single register) and 16 (Preset multiple registers).

5.3.1.3 Data Field

The data field of the request is a variable length depending on the function. The data fields for the AQ5200 are 16-bit registers, transmitted high order byte first (big-endian).

5.3.1.4 Error Check (Checksum) Field

The checksum field lets the receiving device determine if the packet has transmission errors. The AQ5200 RTU mode uses a 16-bit cyclic redundancy check (CRC-16).

Exception Responses

If a Modbus master sends an invalid command to the AQ5200 or attempts to read an invalid register, an exception response is generated. The response packet will have the high order bit of the function code set to one. The data field of the exception response contains the exception error code.

Code	Name	Description
01	Illegal Function	The function code is not supported
02	Illegal Data Address	Attempt to access an invalid address
03	Illegal Data Value	Attempt to set a variable to an invalid value

Table 5.1Exception Codes

5.4 Packet Communications For The AQ5200

This section covers the registers, their names, and a brief description of what they refer to.

5.4.1 Function 03: Read Output Registers

To read the AQ5200 parameter values, the master must send a Read Output Registers request packet. The Read Output Registers request packet specifies a start register and the number of registers to read. The start register is numbered from zero (40001 = zero, 40002 = one, etc).

Read Registers Request Packet	Read Registers Response Packet
Slave Address (1 byte)	Slave Address (1 byte)
03 (Function code) (1 byte)	03 (Function code) (1 byte)
Start Register (2 bytes)	Byte count (1 byte)
# of registers to read (2 bytes)	First register (2 bytes)
Crc Checksum (2 bytes)	Second register (2 bytes)
	Crc Checksum (2 bytes)

Table 5.2 Read Output Registers Packet Structure

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
40001	Leak Threshold	Trip current for leak alarm	25-295 uAmps	0-65535
40002	Contamination Threshold	Trip current for contamination alarm	20-295 uAmps	0-65535
40003	Spare			0-65535
40004	Spare			0-65535
40005	Spare			0-65535
40006	Spare			0-65535
40007	Spare			0-65535
40008	Spare			0-65535
40009	Spare			0-65535
40010	Spare			0-65535
40011	Spare			0-65535
40012	Spare			0-65535
40013	Spare			0-65535
40014	Spare			0-65535
40015	Spare			0-65535
40016	Leak Alarm Delay	Leak Alarm Delay	5-995 seconds	0-65535
40017	Contamination Alarm Delay	Contamination Alarm Delay	5-995 seconds	0-65535

 Table 5.3
 Output Registers

5.4.2 Function 04: Read Input Registers

To read the AQ5200 input values, the master must send a Read Input Registers request packet.

The Read Input Registers request packet specifies a start register and the number of registers to read. The start register is numbered from zero (30001 = zero, 30002 = one, etc).

Read Registers Request Packet	Read Registers Response Packet
Slave Address (1 byte)	Slave Address (1 byte)
04 (Function code) (1 byte)	04 (Function code) (1 byte)
Start Register (2 bytes)	Byte count (1 byte)
# of registers to read (2 bytes)	First register (2 bytes)
Crc Checksum (2 bytes)	Second register (2 bytes)
	Crc Checksum (2 bytes)

 Table 5.4
 Read Input Registers
 Packet Structure

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30001	Status	Bit level status 00 : 1 = Leak is Detected 01 : 1 = Cable Break Alarm 02 : 1 = Contamination is Detected 03-15 : Spare	None	0-65535
30002	Leak Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30003	Units	Unit of measure	1=Ft 0=Meters	0-65535
30004	Leak Current	Leakage current on cable	uAmps	0-65535
30005	Cable Length	Installed cable length	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30006	Loop1 Resistance	Resistance of cable	Ohms	0-65535
30007	Loop2 Resistance	Resistance of cable	Ohms	0-65535
30008	Resistance per Foot	Resistance of cable	Ohms x1000	0-65535
30009	Firmware Version	Firmware version	xx.xx X 100	0-65535
30010	Virtual Zone Alarm Status (00=Zone115=Zone16)	Bit Level Status Zone 1 through Zone 16	None	0-65535
30011	Virtual Zone Alarm Status (00=Zone1715=Zone32)	Bit Level Status Zone 17 through Zone 32	None	0-65535
38001	Leak Location Float Value	Location of leak in meters (float-MSW)	Meters	0-65535
38002	Leak Location Float Value	Location of leak in meters (float-LSW)	Meters	0-65535
30012	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags (00=Modbus Zone 2 15=Modbus Zone 16)	Bit Level Status Modbus Zone 2 through Modbus Zone 16	None	0-65535
30013	Modbus Zone2 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30014	Modbus Zone2 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30015	Modbus Zone3 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30016	Modbus Zone3 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30017	Modbus Zone4 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30018	Modbus Zone4 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30019	Modbus Zone5 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30020	Modbus Zone5 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30021	Modbus Zone6 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30022	Modbus Zone6 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30023	Modbus Zone7 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

 Table 5.5
 Input Registers

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30024	Modbus Zone7 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30025	Modbus Zone8 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30026	Modbus Zone8 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30027	Modbus Zone9 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30028	Modbus Zone9 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30029	Modbus Zone10 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30030	Modbus Zone10 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30031	Modbus Zone11 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30032	Modbus Zone11 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30033	Modbus Zone12 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30034	Modbus Zone12 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30035	Modbus Zone13 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30036	Modbus Zone13 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30037	Modbus Zone14 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30038	Modbus Zone14 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30039	Modbus Zone15 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30040	Modbus Zone15 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30041	Modbus Zone16 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30042	Modbus Zone16 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30043	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
	(00=Modbus Zone 17 15=Modbus Zone 32)	Modbus Zone 17 through Modbus Zone 32		
30044	Modbus Zone17 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30045	Modbus Zone17 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30046	Modbus Zone18 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30047	Modbus Zone18 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30048	Modbus Zone19 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30049	Modbus Zone19 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30050	Modbus Zone20 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30051	Modbus Zone20 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30052	Modbus Zone21 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30053	Modbus Zone21 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30054	Modbus Zone22 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30055	Modbus Zone22 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30056	Modbus Zone23 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30057	Modbus Zone23 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30058	Modbus Zone24 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Table 5.5 Input Registers (continued)

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30059	Modbus Zone24 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30060	Modbus Zone25 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30061	Modbus Zone25 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30062	Modbus Zone26 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30063	Modbus Zone26 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30064	Modbus Zone27 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30065	Modbus Zone27 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30066	Modbus Zone28 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30067	Modbus Zone28 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30068	Modbus Zone29 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30069	Modbus Zone29 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30070	Modbus Zone30 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30071	Modbus Zone30 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30072	Modbus Zone31 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30073	Modbus Zone31 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30074	Modbus Zone32 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30075	Modbus Zone32 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30076	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
	(00=Modbus Zone 33 15=Modbus Zone 48)	Modbus Zone 33 through Modbus Zone 48		
30077	Modbus Zone33 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30078	Modbus Zone33 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30079	Modbus Zone34 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30080	Modbus Zone34 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30081	Modbus Zone35 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30082	Modbus Zone35 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30083	Modbus Zone36 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30084	Modbus Zone36 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30085	Modbus Zone37 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30086	Modbus Zone37 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30087	Modbus Zone38 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30088	Modbus Zone38 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30089	Modbus Zone39 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30090	Modbus Zone39 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30091	Modbus Zone40 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30092	Modbus Zone40 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30093	Modbus Zone41 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30094	Modbus Zone41 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30095	Modbus Zone42 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30096	Modbus Zone42 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30097	Modbus Zone43 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30098	Modbus Zone43 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30099	Modbus Zone44 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30100	Modbus Zone44 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30101	Modbus Zone45 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30102	Modbus Zone45 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30103	Modbus Zone46 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30104	Modbus Zone46 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30105	Modbus Zone47 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30106	Modbus Zone47 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30107	Modbus Zone48 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30108	Modbus Zone48 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30109	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
	(00=Modbus Zone 49 15=Modbus Zone 64)	Modbus Zone 49 through Modbus Zone 64		
30110	Modbus Zone49 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30111	Modbus Zone49 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30112	Modbus Zone50 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30113	Modbus Zone50 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30114	Modbus Zone51 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30115	Modbus Zone51 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30116	Modbus Zone52 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30117	Modbus Zone52 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30118	Modbus Zone53 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30119	Modbus Zone53 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30120	Modbus Zone54 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30121	Modbus Zone54 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30122	Modbus Zone55 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30123	Modbus Zone55 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30124	Modbus Zone56 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30125	Modbus Zone56 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30126	Modbus Zone57 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30127	Modbus Zone57 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30128	Modbus Zone58 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30129	Modbus Zone58 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30130	Modbus Zone59 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30131	Modbus Zone59 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30132	Modbus Zone60 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30133	Modbus Zone60 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30134	Modbus Zone61 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30135	Modbus Zone61 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30136	Modbus Zone62 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30137	Modbus Zone62 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30138	Modbus Zone63 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30139	Modbus Zone63 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30140	Modbus Zone64 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30141	Modbus Zone64 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30142	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
	(00=Modbus Zone 65 15=Modbus Zone 80)	Modbus Zone 65 through Modbus Zone 80		
30143	Modbus Zone65 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30144	Modbus Zone65 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30145	Modbus Zone66 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30146	Modbus Zone66 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30147	Modbus Zone67 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30148	Modbus Zone67 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30149	Modbus Zone68 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30150	Modbus Zone68 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30151	Modbus Zone69 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30152	Modbus Zone69 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30153	Modbus Zone70 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30154	Modbus Zone70 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30155	Modbus Zone71 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30156	Modbus Zone71 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30157	Modbus Zone72 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30158	Modbus Zone72 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30159	Modbus Zone73 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30160	Modbus Zone73 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30161	Modbus Zone74 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30162	Modbus Zone74 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30163	Modbus Zone75 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30164	Modbus Zone75 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30165	Modbus Zone76 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30166	Modbus Zone76 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30167	Modbus Zone77 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30168	Modbus Zone77 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30169	Modbus Zone78 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30170	Modbus Zone78 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30171	Modbus Zone79 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30172	Modbus Zone79 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30173	Modbus Zone80 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30174	Modbus Zone80 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30175	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
	(00=Modbus Zone 81 15=Modbus Zone 96)	Modbus Zone 81 through Modbus Zone 96		
30176	Modbus Zone81 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30177	Modbus Zone81Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30178	Modbus Zone82 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30179	Modbus Zone82 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30180	Modbus Zone83 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30181	Modbus Zone83 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30182	Modbus Zone84 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30183	Modbus Zone84 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30184	Modbus Zone85 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30185	Modbus Zone85 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30186	Modbus Zone86 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30187	Modbus Zone86 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30188	Modbus Zone87 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30189	Modbus Zone87 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30190	Modbus Zone88 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30191	Modbus Zone88 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30192	Modbus Zone89 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30193	Modbus Zone89 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30194	Modbus Zone90 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30195	Modbus Zone90 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30196	Modbus Zone91 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30197	Modbus Zone91 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30198	Modbus Zone92 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30199	Modbus Zone92 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30200	Modbus Zone93 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30201	Modbus Zone93 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30202	Modbus Zone94 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30203	Modbus Zone94 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30204	Modbus Zone95 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30205	Modbus Zone95 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30206	Modbus Zone96 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30207	Modbus Zone96 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30208	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags (00=Modbus Zone 97 15=Modbus Zone 112)	Bit Level Status Modbus Zone 97 through Modbus Zone 112	None	0-65535
30209	Modbus Zone97 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30210	Modbus Zone97 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30211	Modbus Zone98 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30212	Modbus Zone98 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30213	Modbus Zone99 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30214	Modbus Zone99 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30215	Modbus Zone100 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30216	Modbus Zone100 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30217	Modbus Zone101 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30218	Modbus Zone101Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30219	Modbus Zone102 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30220	Modbus Zone102 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30221	Modbus Zone103 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30222	Modbus Zone103 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30223	Modbus Zone104 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30224	Modbus Zone104 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30225	Modbus Zone105 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30226	Modbus Zone105 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30227	Modbus Zone106 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30228	Modbus Zone106 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30229	Modbus Zone107 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30230	Modbus Zone107 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30231	Modbus Zone108 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30232	Modbus Zone108Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30233	Modbus Zone109 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30234	Modbus Zone109 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30235	Modbus Zone110 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30236	Modbus Zone110 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30237	Modbus Zone111 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30238	Modbus Zone111 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30239	Modbus Zone112 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30240	Modbus Zone112 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30241	Modbus Zone Enabled Flags	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
	(00=Modbus Zone113 15=Modbus Zone 128)	Modbus Zone 113 through Modbus Zone 128		
30242	Modbus Zone113 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30243	Modbus Zone113 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30244	Modbus Zone114 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30245	Modbus Zone114 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30246	Modbus Zone115 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30247	Modbus Zone115 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30248	Modbus Zone116 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30249	Modbus Zone116 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30250	Modbus Zone117 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30251	Modbus Zone117 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30252	Modbus Zone118 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30253	Modbus Zone118 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30254	Modbus Zone119 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30255	Modbus Zone119 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30256	Modbus Zone120 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30257	Modbus Zone120 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30258	Modbus Zone121 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30259	Modbus Zone121 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30260	Modbus Zone122 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30261	Modbus Zone122 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30262	Modbus Zone123 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30263	Modbus Zone123 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30264	Modbus Zone124 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30265	Modbus Zone124 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30266	Modbus Zone125 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30267	Modbus Zone125 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30268	Modbus Zone126 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535

Table 5.5 Input Registers (continued)

Register	Name	Description	Units	Range
30269	Modbus Zone126 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30270	Modbus Zone127 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30271	Modbus Zone127 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535
30272	Modbus Zone128 Status	Bit Level Status	None	0-65535
30273	Modbus Zone128 Distance	Location of leak	Ft/Meters	0-65535

Status Flags

Register 30010		Register 30011		
Bit	Description	Bit	Description	
00	1 = Zone1	00	1 = Zone17	
01	1 = Zone2	01	1 = Zone18	
02	1 = Zone3	02	1 = Zone19	
03	1 = Zone4	03	1 = Zone20	
04	1 = Zone5	04	1 = Zone21	
05	1 = Zone6	05	1 = Zone22	
06	1 = Zone7	06	1 = Zone23	
07	1 = Zone8	07	1 = Zone24	
08	1 = Zone9	08	1 = Zone25	
09	1 = Zone10	09	1 = Zone26	
10	1 = Zone11	10	1 = Zone27	
11	1 = Zone12	11	1 = Zone28	
12	1 = Zone13	12	1 = Zone29	
13	1 = Zone14	13	1 = Zone30	
14	1 = Zone15	14	1 = Zone31	
15	1 = Zone16	15	1 = Zone32	

 Table 5.6
 Status Flags (Registers 30010 and 30011)

Bit	Description
00	1= Leak Detected
01	1 = Cable Break
02	1 = Contamination
07	1 = Communication Loss
Table 5.7	Status Flags (Register 30013 - 30273)

Table 5.7Status Flags (Register 30013 - 30273)

5.4.3 Function 06: Preset Single Register

To set the AQ5200 parameter value, the master must send a Preset Single Register request packet. The Preset Single Register request packet specifies a register and the data to write to that register. The register is numbered from zero (40001 = zero, 40002 = one, etc).

Preset Register Request Packet	Preset Register Response Packet
Slave Address (1 byte)	Slave Address (1 byte)
06 (Function code) (1 byte)	06 (Function code) (1 byte)
Register (2 bytes)	Register (2 byte)
Data (2 bytes)	Data (2 bytes)
Crc Checksum (2 bytes)	Crc Checksum (2 bytes)

 Table 5.8
 Preset Single Register Packet Structure

5.4.4 Function 16: Preset Multiple Registers

To set multiple AQ5200 parameter values, the master must send a Preset Multiple Registers request packet. The Preset Multiple Register request packet specifies a starting register, the number of registers, a byte count and the data to write to the registers. The register is numbered from zero (40001 = zero, 40002 = one, etc).

Preset Registers Request Packet	Preset Registers Response Packet
Slave Address (1 byte)	Slave Address (1 byte)
16 (Function code) (1 byte)	16 (Function code) (1 byte)
Start Register (2 bytes)	Start Register (2 bytes)
# of registers to write (2 bytes)	# of registers (2 bytes)
Byte Count (1 byte)	Crc Checksum (2 bytes)
Data (2 bytes)	
Crc Checksum (2 bytes)	

 Table 5.9
 Preset Multiple Registers Packet Structure

5.5 RTU Framing

The example below shows a typical Query/Response from the AQ5200 module.

Slave Address	Function Code	Starting Register "Msb"	Starting Register "Lsb"	Numbers of Registers "Lsb"	Number of Registers "Lsb"	CRC 16 "Lsb"	CRC "Msb"
02	04	00	00	00	03	B5	A3

Table 5.10 Query Sample

Slave Address	Function Code	Count Bytes of Data	Register Data Msb Lsb	Register Data Msb Lsb	Register Data Msb Lsb	CRC 16 "Lsb"	CRC 16 "Msb"
02	04	06	00 00	00 00	00 01	B5	A3

Table 5.11 Response Sample

Slave address 2 responds to Function Code 4 with 6 bytes of hexadecimal data and ends with CRC16 checksum

Register Values:

40001 = 0000 (hex) 40002 = 0000 (hex) 40003 = 0001 (hex)



EIA-232 INTERFACE

The EIA-232 Interface is used primarily for advanced diagnostic and configuration.



The Bootloader section is designed for experienced technicians or users responsible for maintaining the system. **EXIT IMMEDIATELY** if you are not trained in the use of the Bootloader commands.

Contact the manufacturer for more information regarding the commands in this section.

A.1 Set the IP Address through the EIA-232 Port

- 1 Connect the EIA-232 port (P1) on the AQ5200 to a terminal or PC running terminal emulation software (HyperTerminal) with a 9-pin male-female straight through serial cable.
- 2 2. Set the appropriate communication port to 9600 baud, NO parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, (9600/N/8/1), and no software or hardware flow command.
- **3** Once the terminal emulation software starts, type ? and press **Enter** on the keyboard and the Main Menu should appear. If the Main Menu does not appear, check the communication settings and make sure the unit is powered on.
- 4 From the Main Menu type **netcfg** to select the Network Configuration Menu.
 - Enter the new IP address for the AQ5200 by typing ip xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx.xxx.xxx is the new IP address of the unit. Separate each field with a decimal point. For example, type ip 10.0.0.50 <Enter>.
 - The AQ5200 erases a memory block and copies data to flash memory before rebooting.
 - The AQ5200 IP address is now set and the AQ5200 can be accessed through a Webbrowser using the new IP address.

5 Repeat step 4 to change the Subnet Mask and Default Route (gateway), if needed, using the commands nm xxx.xxx.xxx to change the Subnet Mask and dg xxx.xxx.xxx to change the default gateway.

A.2 Boot Up

Make sure the EIA-232 port is connected to a PC or terminal with a straight through cable (not provided). Run terminal emulation software (i.e., HyperTerminal) and make sure the settings match the AQ5200 EIA-232 port configuration; refer to "P1: EIA-232 Connector" on page 19 for port configuration details. When the AQ5200 is powered up, diagnostics are performed. The boot ROM and flash program code are verified.

A.3 Main Menu

S200 - HyperTerminal	. O X
File Edt. View Cal Transfer Help DIGE 해외 비행 위	
5200>? 5200 Help Menu netcfg - display network configuration login - login to make changes time - hh:mm:ss - enter a new time date - mm/dd/yy - enter a new date reset - reboot the unit back to the bootloader id - display program info tbaud - change the craft port baud rate mt on - measurement trace on mt off - measurement trace off mbt - modbus statistics n2t - n2 trace on ls - display leak status pw - password config changes rfd - restore factory defaults tr - trend log et1 - erase trend log triation - trend interval	K
Connected 0:02:38 Auto detect 9600 0-N-1 SCROLL CAPS NLM Capture Print echo	li.

Once the system is entirely booted, press the **Enter** key on your PC or terminal to display the Main Menu.

Figure B.1 EIA-232 Main Menu Screen

A.4 Other Main Menu Functions

The remainder of the functions available from the Main Menu of the EIA-232 interface are described in Table B.1.

Option	Description
netcfg	Display the network configuration.
login	Log in to the system to make changes
time	Adjust the AQ5200's time. Enter the time in hh:mm:ssformat.
date	Adjust the AQ5200's date. Enter the date in mm/dd/yyformat.
reset	Reboot the unit back to the bootloader.
id	Display program information for the unit.
tbaud	Change the craft port's baud rate.
mt on	Measurement Trace On - displays advanced manufacturer diagnostics of the microprocessor.
mt off	Measurement Trace Off - turns off the display of advanced manufacturer diagnostics of the microprocessor.
mbt	Turn on the Modbus trace.
mbs	View Modbus statistics.
n2t	Turn on the N2 trace.
ls	Display the current cable readings, including both cable length and any present current leakage.
pw	Change the configuration password.
rfd	Restore the AQ5200 to the factory default configuration.
tr	View the trend log.
etl	Erase the trend log.
tri	View or adjust the trend interval

 Table B.1
 Other Main Menu Functions

B

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Follow these steps monthly to test the system and ensure that the control panel is functioning properly:

- 1 Place water on the cable.
- 2 Verify the Leak Detected alarm on the control panel.
- **3** Compare the distance reading on the AQ5200 LCD to the reference map to verify that the AQ5200 displays the correct leak location.
- 4 Dry the cable and verify that the AQ5200 returns to normal.
- **5** Remove the end-of-line terminator.
- 6 Verify the Cable Break alarm on the control panel.
- 7 Reinstall the end-of-line terminator.
- 8 Verify that the AQ5200 returns to normal.

Monitor the cable current monthly to verify that the cable is not being contaminated. The AQ5200 will alarm on cable contamination if the contamination exceeds the cable contamination threshold.

- 1 From the AQ5200's LCD, press the **Status** key.
- 2 Ensure the cable current is less than 15μ A. If the cable current is greater than 15μ A, one of the cables is contaminated. Refer to Appendix D, "Troubleshooting" on page 111 to troubleshoot the cables and determine which cable is contaminated. The contaminated cable should be removed, cleaned, retested and reinstalled.

A PPENDIX

TROUBLESHOOTING

D.1. Troubleshooting Problems with the AQ5200

Problem	Action
Control Panel will not Power Up	 Check with a DVM (digital volt meter) for AC input power on the AC power input terminal. If no AC power is present at the terminal block, check the input circuit breaker that powers the AQ5200. If voltage is present, go to step 2.
	2 Check for 24 VDC at input power terminal block, TB7 pins 1 and 2. If no voltage is present across these pins, the power supply has failed. Contact AQUALEAK Technologies for a replacement. If voltage is present, contact AQUALEAK Technologies for further troubleshooting.
Unit Powers Up without Proper Display on LCD	 Open the front door and verify that the connectors that link J2 on the LCD display board with J4 on the main board are fully connected and the wires are undamaged.
	2 Update the front panel LCD's firmware. Refer to "System/Flash Management" on page 83 for more detailed instructions.

 Table D.1
 Troubleshoot Problems with the AQ5200

Problem	Action
Cable Break Alarm	 Verify that the leader cable is plugged into terminal block TB2, and the wires are ordered in the terminal block from left to right, White - Black - Green - Red. If the leader cable is installed correctly, proceed to step 2.
	2 Verify that the end-of-line terminator (EOL) is installed on the end of the orange sensing cable run. If the EOL is installed correctly, proceed to step 3.
	3 If the cable break alarm is still present, there may be a damaged or faulty section of sensing cable. Remove the EOL from the end of the cable run and install it onto the end of the leader cable coming from the control panel.
	If the condition clears, one of the sections of sensing cable is damaged or faulty. To determine which section of sensing cable has a problem, reconnect the leader cable to the sensing cable run. Move to the connection between the first two sections of sensing cable, separate the connection, and install the EOL on the end of the first section of sensing cable. If the alarm sounds, that first section of cable is damaged or faulty. If the alarm clears, the first section is fine. Move the EOL to the end of the next section of sensing cable, and proceed until you isolate the faulty section. If none of the sections of the cable appear to be faulty, and if the condition does not clear, go to step 4.
	4 Power down (shut off) the AQ5200. Remove terminal block TB2 from the main board. Remove the leader cable from the terminal block. Install a jumper wire between pins 1 and 2 and another jumper wire between pins 3 and 4. Reinstall the terminal block back into TB2. If the cable break condition clears, there is a problem with the leader cable. If the condition does not clear, contact AQUALEAK Technologies for further support.
Control Panel not Calculating Proper Length of Cable	1 The AQ5200 is pre-calibrated from the factory. The overall reported cable footage should be within 5% of actual installed length.
	If your reading is not within 5%, verify that the AQ5200 is operating with the correct cable resistance per foot for the sensing cable connected to the system. Consult "Leak Settings" on page 37 to adjust the resistance with the LCD, or "Leak" on page 50 to adjust the resistance via the web interface.
	3 If the resistance is correct, verify the proper leader cable wiring order into TB2. Wiring color code should be as follows from left to right: White - Black - Green - Red.
	4 If the leader cable wiring is correct, calibrate your cable. To do this, refer to "Calibrate Cable Resistance" on page 25. If calibration does not fix the problem, contact AQUALEAK Technologies.

Table D.1 Troubleshoot Problems with the AQ5200 (continued)

Problem	Action	
Control Panel not Calculating Proper Leak Distance	1 Check the distance on the cable run to verify that the control panel is monitoring. Verify there is no water along the cable run. Check to see if multiple leaks are present on the cable. The first leak should be read and latched by the system; however, if the system is updated or simultaneous leaks occur (2 or more) within 30 seconds of the initial leak, the system may display the average distance (distance of the first leak + distance of the second leak / 2). If no water is present, go to step 2.	
	2 Power down (shut off) the control panel and remove the end-of- line terminator (EOL) from the end of the SC cable. Locate the first section of SC cable from the AQ5200 control panel. Where itjoins to the second section of cable, disconnect and install the End-of-Line terminator at the end of the first section of SC cable. Turn power back on at control panel. Once the control panel runs for five to ten minutes, use a damp cloth, rag or paper towel and place it on the end of the orange SC cable. If the leak is calculated correctly, remove the end-of-line terminator; reconnect the SC cable and move down to the next section of cable. Repeat this process until a faulty reading is obtained. If the reading is off at the first section of cable, there may be miscalculations from the AQ5200 unit, please contact AQUALEAK Technologies for support.	
Cable Contamination Alarm: Unit's Alarm History Displays: "Cable Contaminated	1 To clear a contamination alarm, the cable must be removed and cleaned. Usually the cable can be cleaned by pulling it through a clean damp rag.	
@ XXXX Ft"	2 If the cable is contaminated by oil, Glycol or chemicals, the cable can be washed. Use a mild detergent solution of 1 capful to 2 gallons lukewarm water (<105°F). Agitate the cable in a suitable container, rinse with clear lukewarm water and wipe dry with a clean towel. The cable may also be cleaned by wiping it down with Isopropyl Alcohol.	
	3 Retest the cable by connecting it to the AQ5200 beforereinstalling it under the floor.	
Table D.1 Troubleshoot Problems with the AQ5200 (continued)		

D.2. Troubleshooting Sensing Cable

Note Contamination and/or physical damage to the cable is not covered under warranty. For all other troubleshooting concerns and questions regarding this product, contact AQUALEAK Technologies at 800-518-15198 or access our website at www.aqualeak.com.

Question	Answer
My water leak detection cable touches metal surfaces. Is this a problem or a potential problem?	In general, no. The two water sensing wires are covered by a nonconductive polymer weave. This weave isolates the cable from metal surfaces. However, as with all electrical wires and cable, avoid sharp objects that can slice or pierce through the insulation and nonconductive polymer weave.
The sensing cable is routed so that it has to cross over itself. Can this cause false alarms?	Crossing sensing cables will not cause false alarms, but it can cause a false distance reading if a leak occurs at the crossover point. If the cables must cross, use a 10 foot section of non-sensing cable to jump over the section of sensing cable.
If I suspect a bad section of sensing cable, how can I verify that it is ok without sending it back to AQUALEAKfor warranty evaluation?	It can be very difficult to remove sensing cable, so verify the cable is working before you attempt to remove it and return it to the manufacturer. Use either a cable tester (AQUALEAK part # LDCE) or referto the Cable Break Alarm assessment in Table D.1, "TroubleshootProblems with the AQ5200" to determine which section of cable may be faulty.
How do I secure sensing cable to the floor?	AQUALEAK recommends the use of J-clips. J-clips are nylon cable clips with a self-adhesive backing. J-clips hold sensing cable securely inplace without pinching or binding the cable, which can cause false alarms.
	J-Clips should be placed 5 to 6 feet apart throughout an installation, and 3 feet apart when cable is routed in front of CRAC units. Because the J-clip's adhesive backing does not work well on porous concrete floors, apply a drop of silicone or another nonconductive adhesive to help secure the J-Clip to the floor.

 Table D.2
 Troubleshoot Sensing Cable

Question	Answer
How do I clean the cable?	Use a mild detergent solution - 1 cap full of Dawn liquid dishwashing detergent to 2 gallons of lukewarm water (<105 degrees F) - to clean sensing cables. Put the cable into a bucket filled with the solution, agitate the cable, rinse, and gently wipe dry. Test the cable prior to reinstallation to be sure it has been thoroughly cleaned of contaminants.
My system shows an alarm condition, but a leak is not found at location shown on display. The system will not clear. It is in alarm all the time!	The most common causes for this condition includes:
	1 Water is touching the cable in two places at the same time. The distance reading is an average of the two values. For example, if leaks are detected at 200 feet and at 100 feet, the system would register a leak at 150 feet ((200 + 100)/2 = 150). This is a common problem when, after an alarm sounds, the operator resets the system without recording the first value displayed. It is very rare that water will touch two places on the same cable at the exact same time. This situation is true for all systems which measure distance. Check the Alarm History log for the first incidence of the leak.
	2 The cable has been exposed to high humidity, or the dew point has been reached. This is especially common when two or more air conditioners share the same under-floor space. Problems of this nature can be resolved as follows:
	a Fix the air conditioners. This is sometimes easier said than done as most people believe if the unit is on and cooling, it is working properly. Extensive investigation may have to be done just to prove the air conditioner is faulty.
	b Turn the sensitivity adjustment on the controller to its least sensitive setting - refer to Chapter 3, "LCD Touch Screen Interface" on page 29. This should keep the system from alarming, but will not resolve the air conditioner problem.
	c Move the cable at least 10' away from the front of the air conditioner
	d Cover the sensing cable in front of the air conditioner with spiral wrap (plastic covering which allows water in but keeps dew point from condensing water on the cable).
	3 A cable has been contaminated either chemically (floor sealing chemicals dissolve and damage cable), or physically (small metallic chips from filings or solder around pipes or wires from electrical installation). This requires replacement of the cable.
	4 The cable has become damaged - most often from a floor tile being dropped on it. Damaged cable must be repaired or replaced.

Table D.2 Troubleshoot Sensing Cable (continued)

A PPENDIX

4-20MA OUTPUT TESTING

The AQ5200's 4-20mA output is loop powered and tested by the manufacturer. The manufacturer guarantees its performance upon delivery. Should the 4-20mA output need to be tested in the field, follow these steps. The following procedure is performed with the cable connected, unless otherwise indicated.

- 1 Turn off all power to the AQ5200
- **2** Remove the two position plug from TB1.
- **3** Remove any wires from the terminal and install a 2000hm resistor to TB1-2 (-). Then apply +24V (TB7-2) to TB1-1 (+) and ground (TB7-1) of the 24V supply to the other side of the resistor.
- 4 Reinstall the plug on TB1.
- **5** Reapply power to the AQ5200.
- 6 With the system on and no alarms present, measure the DC voltage across the resistor. A value of 0.8VDC or 1.0VDC should register. This equates to 4mA 0r 5mA (depending on the AQ5200's configuration), or normal operation.





- 7 Remove the Leak Detection Cable (SC) and wait for the unit to activate its cabletrouble alarm. Measure the DC voltage across the resistor. A value of approximately 3.8VDC or 4.0VDC should be measured. This equates to 19mA or 20mA (depending on theAQ5200's configuration), or a fault alarm. Reconnect the SC cable.
- 8 Place water on the end of the SC cable. Measure the DC voltage across the resistor. The value will be proportional to the length of cable measured by the AQ5200 and scaled according to the range setting. Dry the cable.
- **9** Place water on the start of the cable. Measure the DC voltage across the resistor. A measurement of approximately 0.8VDC or 0.9VDC, or 4mA or 5mA (both depending on the AQ5200's configuration), should be measured. This corresponds to a leak at zero distance. Dry the cable.

10Turn off power to the AQ5200.

11 Remove the resistor and wires from the plug and reattach any wires as necessary.

12Reapply power to the AQ5200.
A P P E N D I X

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Power		Requires a dedicated circuit within close proximity, marked as the disconnecting device for the AQ5200.
		100-240VAC @ 500mA max, 50/60 Hz power supply; dedicated circuit required
Inputs		
	Sensing Cable	Compatible with all sensing cables (not included)
	Cable Input	Requires LC-KIT: 15ft (4.57m) leader cable and EOL (included)
	Maximum Sensing Cable Length	10,000ft (3048m) of sensing cable
	Minimum Sensing Cable Length	35ft (10.67m)
	Detection Accuracy	\pm 2ft (0.6m)+/- 0.5% of the cable length
	Detection Repeatability	± 2ft (0.6m) +/- 0.25% of the cable length
	Detection Response Time	5-990sec., software adjustable in 5sec. increments; ±2sec.
Outputs		
	Analog	4-20mA Loop Powered, 18-36VDC, RL = 500ohm max.
	Relay	1 DPDTLeak Relay, 1 DPDTCable Break Relay - each can be sent to two places; 1A @ 24VDC, 0.5A resistive @ 120VAC; configurable for supervised or non-supervised, latched or non-latched
	Maintenance Relay	1A @ 24VDC, 0.5A resistive @ 120VAC; configurable for supervised or non-supervised, latched or non-latched
Communi	cations Ports	
	EIA-485 (Port 1, Port 2, Port 3)	9600, 19200, or 38400 baud (selectable);
		No parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
	EIA-232	9600 baud; No parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit
	RJ-45	10/100BaseT Ethernet port (TCP/IP)

Table F.1 Technical Specifications

Table F.1 Technical Specifications (continued)

Protoco	ols	
	EIA-485	Modbus RTU, Master & Slave; BACnet MS/TP; N2, Slave
	EIA-232	Terminal emulation, VT100 compatible
	RJ-45	Ethernet, TCP/IP; Modbus/TCP/UDP, Master & Slave; SNMP V1, V2, V3, NTP, SMTP, DNS; BACnet/IP
Alarm I	Notification	
	Audible Alarm	85dBA @ 2ft (0.6m); re-sound 0-999min.
	Visible Alarm	Alarm indicated on LCD touch screen and through web interface
Logging Capabilities		Logs are downloadable to .txt file
	Alarm History/Event Log	Last 1,024 events
	Trend Log	Cable current level every day, for the last 365 days
Login S	Security	
	LCD Touch Screen	No password required to view controller status and data. Administrator password limits access to configuration options.
	Web Interface	Username and password can be configured.
Front P	anel Interface	
	Display	480 x 272 pixel color backlit LCD touch screen; 95.04mm x 53.85 mm
Operati	ing Environment	
	Temperature	32° to 122°F (0° to 50°C)
	Humidity	5% to 95% RH, non-condensing
	Altitude	15,000ft (4,572m) max.
Storage Environment		-4° to 185°F (-20° to 85°C)
Dimensions		12.5"W x 10"H x 3.25"D
		(318mmW x 254mmH x 83mmD)
Weight		8.2 lbs. (3.7kg)
Mounting		Type 1 wall mount enclosure
Certifications		CE; ETL listed: conforms to UL 61010-1, EN 61010-1; certified to CSA C22.2 NO. 61010-1; RoHS compliant